

Addendum No. 3

Addendum Date: November 30, 2018
 Project: DelDOT Administration Building –
 Phase II Renovation & OCR Compliance

The work herein shall be considered part of the bid documents for the referenced project and carried out in accordance with the following supplemental instructions issued in accordance with the Contract Documents without change in Contract Sum or Contract Time. Acknowledge receipt of addendum on the bid form as indicated.

Clarifications:

1. The term “Corian” is replaced with “Solid Surface” throughout entire Bid Drawing Set.
2. All demo and installation of Security and Access controls will be by Owner’s contracted security Vendor. General Contractor is only responsible for coordination with Owner Contracted Security vendor.
3. Basis of Design for Storefronts designated SF-2 and SF-4 on Drawing A3.8 is Kawneer 1620SSG Curtain Wall System.
4. All flooring installation and prep work will be by Owner’s contracted flooring vendor. General contractor is only responsible for coordination with Owner’s contracted Flooring vendor. Contractor is responsible for demolition of floor finishes and providing a clean and debris free floor after demolition.

Questions and Answers

1. Question: Are the light choices shown below acceptable for this project?

Type	Manufacturer/Brand	Catalog Number
A	ABL-Mark Lighting	WHSPR 2X2 80CRI 40K 4000LM MIN10 MVOLT SWC ZT
B	ABL-Juno Lighting Group	TC22LED G4 14LM 40K 90CRI MVOLT ZT10
C	ABL-Juno Lighting Group	T254L G2 35K 80CRI PDIM FL BL
D	ABL-Mark Lighting	SL6L LOP 8FT FLP TG 80CRI 40K 400LMF WW MIN1 277 ZT
E	SPECTRUM LTG	RDF06XT 20L MD DO10 277
EX	ISOLITE	RL AC R WH UN SD
G	COLE	L2153DW-HO-4K
H	ABL-Lithonia Lighting	DSXW1 LED 10C 700 40K T2M MVOLT DBLXD
J	ABL-Hydrel	PDX7 SS 12LED WHT41K MVOLT MFL FLC 34S LPI
K	FC LIGHTING	FCF1103 UNV 4K BZ MF

Answer:

Type A – Revise and resubmit

1. Housing to be 20 gauge metal.
2. How many LEDs are on board?
3. All components must be accessible from below without removing adjacent ceiling tile.
4. 10 year standard warranty on all components including driver.

Type B - Revise and resubmit

1. 0-10 v dimming driver
2. Trim color to be selected by architect.

Type C – Revise and resubmit

1. Provide line voltage single circuit track with mounting hardware.
2. Finish color to be selected by architect.

Type D - Revise and resubmit

1. Slot to be 8 inches wide.

Type E – Revise and resubmit

1. Lumens to be 1400 lm.
2. Provide Data for MD 46 optics.
3. Architect to select color.

Type G – Revise and resubmit

1. Is it ADA compliant light fixture?
2. Tempered glass to be secured to housing by silicon gasket.

Type H – Revise and resubmit

1. Fixture to have photo cell.
2. Finish color to be selected by architect.

Type J – Rejected

1. No molded plastic housing permitted. Housing to be Die cast brass.
2. Anti-Siphon plug is missing.
3. Silicon gasket around lens is missing

Type EX – Acceptable

Type K – Rejected

1. It physically looks completely different than the one specified.

1. Question: Confirm paragraph 1.10.A.1 in section 033000 Concrete does not apply to the project as there are no vapor/termite barriers indicated.

Answer: Paragraph 1.10.A.1 in Section 033000 Concrete will apply to slab at New Vestibule, see attached Architectural Drawing A.4.3.

2. Question: A 2.1 detail 2 center of West Wing Office Area refers bidders to detail 5 on A 3.6; detail does not exist please advise. Same issue at Stair 3 details refer to wrong sheet.

Answer: Refer to “Change to Drawings” Drawing A2.1.

3. Question: Is the work in East Wing Lobby to take place on off hours or can the work be completed during regular business hours?

Answer: Work in the East Wing Lobby will be performed during off hours and weekends.

4. Question: Please confirm that CONSTRUCTION KEYNOTE C-2 AND C-15 on sheet A3.0 is to be completed by the owner per item 19 in Addendum 1

Answer: Refer to “Change to Drawings” Drawing A3.0.

5. Question: Refer to Sheet A 3.0 – Where does CONSTRUCTION NOTE C-16 APPLY

Answer: Construction Note C-16 applies to Stairs at West Wing Corridor shown on Drawing A3.1.

6. Question: Is it possible to define the scope of patching or establish an allowance to address note C-14 sheet A3.1.

Answer: Scope based on Drawing set and walk-through. Allow for normal “wear and tear” patching on all walls due to removal of pictures and signage. Allow for Drywall repair predominantly at corporate signage removal.

7. Question: Can you confirm all security/access control device demo, installation and wiring is handled directly by the owner? There are no specifications provided.

Answer: Refer to “Clarifications” Item #2 – Addendum #3.

8. Question: Drapery manufacturer list in spec will not bid this project. See Below. Is there another manufacturer acceptable?

Answer: Per Section 12 22 00 – “Drapery” Product meeting specification requirements are acceptable as approved equal.

9. Question: Please provide further detail for the DeIDOT logos at the North and South including sections details establishing thickness of the logo and embedment/installation requirements into the concrete slab.

Answer: Response: Per specification 321313 Concrete Paving – Section 2.7 Logo Inlay:

- B. Material shall be 3/16” thick 316 Stainless Steel.**
- C. Final design shall be embedded using stud mounts welded to the back of the final design and attached to a stabilizing plate. The stabilizing plate should be**

*embedded into the concrete at a depth of 2" minimum.
Final logo to be set flush with surrounding concrete.*

10. Question: Please provide a Maintenance of Traffic plan or establish an allowance for the necessary signage, flagmen etc. required to manage traffic and personnel effected by the new front and rear entry work
Answer: Refer to Changes to Specification Manual #6 Specification 00 41 14-4 – Add Section “Allowance Authorization” – Allowance #4.
11. Question: Please confirm all cast stone to cast and cast stone to masonry joints are to be pointed with mortar and not raked and pointed with sealant.
Answer: All joints (top surface joints between stone and the horizontal joints between stone cap and masonry) should be filled with mortar, compressed, and then raked back to leave room for a sealant joint.
12. Question: Please provide specifications for the waterproofing membrane required at the brick planters.
Answer: Please refer to specification 033000 Cast In Place Concrete – Section 3.9 Waterproofing.
13. Question: Please provide a construction joint plan and tool joint plan for the front plaza slab and bus shelter and bike rack pads.
Answer: Per specification 033000 Cast In Place Concrete – Section 1.4C, Contractor shall submit shop drawings of construction joint layout for approval as part of action submittals.
14. Question: Please provide a section detail for tooled construction joints and sawcut control joints.
Answer: Construct control joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness.
15. Question: Please confirm the block pattern at the rear plaza is created using tooled joints in the concrete.
Answer: Confirmed. Pavement pattern will be created using tooled joints.
16. Question: Please clarify required brick controls joints in planter walls.
None shown on
sheet L 204.
Answer: Please follow the below recommendations:
a. Typical joint spacing should be 24 – 26 feet maximum for continuous walls.
b. No more than 12 feet from outside corners on each side
c. Place joints at inside corners

- d. Place joints where two or more walls intersect
- e. Place joints where wall height changes or where walls are supported at different levels
- f. Place joints between adjoining structures
- g. Do not place joints at edge of openings in concrete masonry

17. Question: Addendum #1, paragraph 8.e, states that drug affidavits are required from listed subcontractors on bid day. This requirement was changed on January 1, 2018. Please confirm that this is not required.

Answer: Confirmed. Only contractors are required to submit affidavit on bid day.

18. Question: Drawing G1. 4 calls for the type 4 temporary partitions to extend 6" above the ceiling. This will cause patching of existing ceilings. Is it acceptable if these partitions butt the existing ceiling?

Answer: Yes it is acceptable for these partitions butt the existing ceiling. However when the ceiling is Demolished, the partitions will either be required to the underside of the deck or a barrier will have to be provided to keep dust and debris contained to area of construction.

19. Question: Drawing L-102 shows note R-14 at the bottom of the page. This note is not defined, please clarify.

Answer: Notation R-14 is in error, and should be excluded from sheet L-102. Revised L-102 has been included with this addendum.

20. Question: Note R1 on A3.6 and note D5 on A2.2 refer to reinstallation of security devices. Please confirm that security is by the owner and not part of this contract.

Answer: Refer to Clarification #2.

21. Question: The drawings and specs have many references to flooring work, which should not be part of this contract. Please confirm that the following is not part of this contract:

- a. Carpeting
- b. VCT
- c. Rubber base
- d. Skim coating over existing tile floors
- e. Flooring preparation
- f. Thresholds and transition strips

Answer: Refer to Clarification #4.

22. Question: Please provide a specification section or additional information for:

- a. The graphic element shown on A3.0, note
- b. C-5

Answer: Refer to Changes to Specifications Manual Specification 00 41 13 – “Bid Form” Revised section issued, for changes to Allowance #3. Vinyl wall wrap is included in the Allowance.

23. Question: Note C-17, which refers to patching after window treatment removal, is shown in the front plaza area on drawing A3.0. Please confirm that this note should be deleted, or please clarify the intent.

Answer: Note C-17 refers to the Window at West Wing Corridor on Drawing A3.1 only.

24. Question: A signage allowance was mentioned at the pre-bid meeting. Please provide.

Answer: Refer to Changes to Specifications Manual Specification 00 41 13 – “Bid Form” Revised section issued, for Allowance #3 Signage Package.

25. Question: Note R1 on A3.6 and note D5 on A2.2 refer to reinstallation of security devices. Please confirm that security is by the owner and not part of this contract.

Answer: Refer to Clarification #2.

Changes to Specifications:

1. *Specification 00 11 13 – “Advertisement for Bids” Revised section issued.*
2. *Specification 00 41 13 – “Bid Form” Revised section issued.*
3. *Specification 00 41 14-1 – “Allowance Authorization” – Allowance #1 Revised section issued.*
4. *Specification 00 41 14-2 – Add Section “Allowance Authorization” – Allowance #2.*
5. *Specification 00 41 14-3 – Add Section “Allowance Authorization” – Allowance #3.*
6. *Specification 00 41 14-4 – Add Section “Allowance Authorization” – Allowance #4.*
7. *Specification 01 21 00 – “Allowances” Revised section issued.*
8. *Specification 07 42 13 – Delete Section.*
9. *Specification 07 42 13.23 – Add Section “Aluminum Composite Material (ACM) System Specification.”*
10. *Specification 07 42 43 – Add Section “Metal Window Panels.”*
11. *Specification 08 41 23 – Add Section “Fire Rated Aluminum Framed Entrance and Storefronts.” Applicable to Storefronts assemblies designated SF-1, SF-3, SF-5, SF-6, SF-7 and SF-8 on Drawing A3.8. Fire rating is required for both Frame and glass and shall be a complete tested assembly. All fire rated door frame and glass assembly to have the following hardware from storefront manufacturer: hinges, surface*

- mounted closers and panic hardware. Electric strike per Owner's contracted security vendor.
12. *Specification 08 80 00* – 2.01 B: 2, Replace with Fire Rating: 60 minutes
2.01 B: 4, Replace with Thickness: 7/8 inch
 13. *Specification 10 14 00* – “Signage” Revised section issued.
 14. *Specification 26 56 00* – Add Section “Exterior Lighting.”
 15. *Specifications 033000* – “Cast in Place Concrete” Revised section issued.
 16. *Specifications 311000* – “Site Clearing” Revised section issued.
 17. *Specifications 321313*–“Concrete Paving” Revised section issued.
 18. *Specifications 321373*-Add Section “Concrete Paving Joint Sealants.”
 19. *Specifications 321400* –Add Section “Unit Paving.”
 20. *Specifications 329200*-Add Section “Turf and Grasses.”

Changes to Drawings:

General

1. *Drawing G1.0*
 - a. Added Sheet 4.3 Details at Vestibule.
2. *Drawing G1.1:*
 - a. Revised renovation area SF to 13,912 SF under Code Review NFPA 101-2015 & IBC-2009.
 - b. Deleted Water Cooler Count Per Occupant Table and 20% Spending Tabulation Table.

Civil

1. *Drawing L-102 - Overall Demolition Plan*
 - a. Deleted Demolition Construction Note R-14. Revised Drawing Issued.

Architectural

1. *Drawing A2.0*
 - a. Revise Detail tag at Stair #2: Demo tag changed to 1/3.6. New tag changed to 2/3.6.
 - b. Revise Detail tag at Stair #3: Demo tag changed to 3/3.6, New tag changed to 4/3.6.
2. *Drawing A2.1*
 - Detail 1/A2.1-Overall First Floor Plan –East Wing/Partial West Wing
 - a. Revise Detail tag at Stair #1: Demo tag changed to 1/3.7. New tag changed to 3/3.7.
 - b. Revise Detail tag at Stair #3: Demo tag changed to 9/3.7, New tag changed to 11/3.7.
 - Detail 2/A2.1-Overall Second Floor Plan – East Wing / Partial West Wing

- a. Revise Detail tag at Stair #1: Demo tag changed to 2/3.7.
New tag changed to 4/3.7.
 - b. Revise Detail tag at Stair #2: Demo tag changed to 6/3.7,
New tag changed to 8/3.7.
 - c. Revise Detail tag at Stair #3: Demo tag changed to 10/3.7,
New tag changed to 12/3.7.
 - d. Revise Detail tag at Center of West Wing Office area to
5/3.4.
3. *Drawing A2.2*
- a. Delete Keynote D-31.
4. *Drawing A3.0*
- a. Construction Key Notes: Delete C-2 and C-15.
 - b. Delete C-2 Tag from Lobby 101, Grab and Go Area 107, Cafeteria
111, Commons Corridor 112 and Media Room 113.
 - c. Tag at Stair #3 entrance across from Reception 102 changed to
Alternate #1-See 11/3.7.
 - d. Delete C-13 Tag at Vestibule Door 100A
5. *Drawing A3.1*
- a. Construction Key Notes: Delete C-2 and C-15.
 - b. Delete C-15 Tag from West Wing Corridor 115 and West Wing
Corridor 115A
6. *Drawing A3.2*
- a. Change Detail Titles (From): ...Demolition... (To): ...New Work...
7. *Drawing A3.4*
- a. Revised Detail 9/A3.4. See Attached Sketch SK-A.7.
8. *Drawing A3.5 – Door and Storefront Elevations-South Lobby*
- a. Revised Drawing Issued.
9. *Drawing A3.8 – Door and Storefront Elevations-East Wing-Alternate #1*
- a. Revised drawing issued
10. *Drawing A4.3 – Details at Vestibule*
- a. Added Sheet to Drawing Set
11. *Drawing A6.0*
- a. Added Detail S-4 Door Sill Detail. See Attached Sketch SK-A.6.
12. *Drawing A7.4*
- a. Added note: Contractor Responsible for Removal of All Signage.

Mechanical

1. *Drawing M8.1*
 - a. Revise Keynote MD-5:
MD -5: Demolish Exhaust Air Duct and Air Terminals. Seal at Floor above for Fire Rating. See Detail 2/M8.1
 - b. Added Detail 2/M8.1 Duct Floor Detail. See Attached Sketch SK-M.4.

Electrical

1. *Drawing E9.1*
 - a. Added outlets and switches to be demolished. Revised drawing issued.
2. *Drawing E9.6*
 - a. Revised General Notes. Deleted Reference Note. Revised drawing issued.
3. *Drawing E9.9*
 - a. Revised lighting layout & qty. on Plaza Canopy – Alternate #2. Revised drawing issued.

General Information:

1. None

END

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

Sealed bids for OMB/DFM Contract No. MC5511000018 DelDot Administration Building – Phase II Renovation & OCR Compliance project, will be received by the State of Delaware, Office of Management and Budget, Division of Facilities Management, in the reception area of Facilities Management Office in the Thomas Collins Building, 540 S. DuPont Highway, Suite 1 (Third Floor), Dover, DE 19901 at 3:00 p.m. local time on Thursday, December 6, 2018 at which time they will be publicly opened and read aloud in the Conference Room. Bidder bears the risk of late delivery. Any bids received after the stated time will be returned unopened.

Project consists of the complete renovation and reconfiguration of the DelDOT Administration Building south end lobby, kitchen / cafeteria, and adjacent spaces to address functional, programmatic, and accessibility related issues. Scope also includes site improvements required to resolve exterior building access concerns associated to the intended scope of work area. Additional improvements consist of: (1) limited interior finish improvements in adjoining passageways; (2) passive sound control in select conference and booth spaces; (3) improved wayfinding / corporate signage; and (4) add alternates for stair tower door/glazing replacement, canopy, rear courtyard, and an ice melt system.

A **MANDATORY** Pre-Bid Meeting will be held on Wednesday, November 14, 2018, at 10:00 a.m. at the DelDot Administration Building 800 Bay Road, Dover, DE 19901 in the Bidders room for the purpose of establishing the listing of subcontractors and to answer questions. Representatives of each party to any Joint Venture must attend this meeting. **MEETING ATTENDANCE IS A PREREQUISITE FOR BIDDING ON THIS CONTRACT.**

Sealed bids shall be addressed to the Division of Facilities Management, 540 S. DuPont Highway, Suite 1, Dover, DE, 19901, Attn. John Dunham. The outer envelope should clearly indicate: "**OMB/DFM CONTRACT NO. MC5511000018 – DelDot Administration Building – Phase II Renovation & OCR Compliance - SEALED BID - DO NOT OPEN.**"

Contract documents may be obtained at Reprographics Center, Inc., 298 Churchmans Road, New Castle, DE 19720, phone (302) 328-5019 upon receipt of \$135.00 per paper set or \$55.00 per electronic set, both are non-refundable. Checks are to be made payable to "StudioJAED". Drawings will be available on November 6, 2018.

Construction documents will be available for review at the following locations: StudioJAED, 2500 Wrangle Hill Road, Suite 110, Bear, DE; Delaware Contractors Association, 527 Stanton-Christiana Road, Newark, DE. 19713; Associated Builders and Contractors, 31 Blevins Drive, New Castle, DE. 19720.

Bidders will not be subject to discrimination on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or national origin in consideration of this award, and Minority Business Enterprises, Disadvantaged Business Enterprises, Women-Owned Business Enterprises and Veteran-Owned Business Enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids on this contract. Each bid must be accompanied by a bid security equivalent to ten percent of the bid amount and all additive alternates. The successful bidder must post a performance bond and payment bond in a sum equal to 100 percent of the contract price upon execution of the contract. The Owner reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive any informalities therein. The Owner may extend the time and place for the opening of the bids from that described in the advertisement, with not less than two calendar days notice by certified delivery, facsimile machine or other electronic means to those bidders receiving plans.

END OF SECTION

**Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance
800 South Bay Road
Dover, DE 19901
Contract No. MC5511000018**

BID FORM

UNIT PRICES

There are no unit prices.

ALLOWANCES

Allowances are included as follows:

ALLOWANCE No. 1: \$30,000 for general contingencies and repairs, to be used for unforeseen conditions only. The balance of the allowance is to be returned to the owner by credit change order at project conclusion.

ALLOWANCE No. 2: \$10,000 for perimeter heating investigation, troubleshooting, and correction. The balance of the allowance is to be returned to the owner by credit change order at project conclusion.

ALLOWANCE No. 3: \$120,000 for signage package which includes: (1) product and installation of all interior wall mounted room / ADA signs; (2) product and installation of all interior branded corporate / wayfinding signage and associated brackets / hardware; (3) removal of existing, select replacement if needed, and installation of the interior wall mounted "Excellence in Transportation" plus tagline pin letters in commons corridor; and (4) product and installation of exterior mounted dimensional characters/pin letters at the North and South entrances. (5) Vinyl wall wrap. The balance of the allowance is to be returned to the owner by credit change order at the project conclusion.

ALLOWANCE No. 4: \$15,000 for traffic control, material and labor.

**Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance
800 South Bay Road
Dover, DE 19901
Contract No. MC5511000018**

BID FORM

I/We acknowledge Addendums numbered _____ and the price(s) submitted include any cost/schedule impact they may have.

This bid shall remain valid and cannot be withdrawn for thirty (30) days from the date of opening of bids (60 days for School Districts and Department of Education), and the undersigned shall abide by the Bid Security forfeiture provisions. Bid Security is attached to this Bid.

The Owner shall have the right to reject any or all bids, and to waive any informality or irregularity in any bid received.

This bid is based upon work being accomplished by the Sub-Contractors named on the list attached to this bid.

Should I/We be awarded this contract, I/We pledge to achieve substantial completion of all the work within _____calendar days of the Notice to Proceed.

The undersigned represents and warrants that he has complied and shall comply with all requirements of local, state, and national laws; that no legal requirement has been or shall be violated in making or accepting this bid, in awarding the contract to him or in the prosecution of the work required; that the bid is legal and firm; that he has not, directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken action in restraint of free competitive bidding.

Upon receipt of written notice of the acceptance of this Bid, the Bidder shall, within twenty (20) calendar days, execute the agreement in the required form and deliver the Contract Bonds, and Insurance Certificates, required by the Contract Documents.

I am / We are an Individual / a Partnership / a Corporation

By _____ Trading as _____
(Individual's / General Partner's / Corporate Name)

(State of Corporation)

Business Address: _____

Witness: _____ **By:** _____
(SEAL) (Authorized Signature)

(Title)
Date: _____

ATTACHMENTS

- Sub-Contractor List
- Non-Collusion Statement
- Affidavit(s) of Employee Drug Testing Program

Bid Security
(Others as Required by Project Manuals)

Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance
800 South Bay Road
Dover, DE 19901
Contract No. MC5511000018

BID FORM

SUBCONTRACTOR LIST

In accordance with Title 29, Chapter 6962 (d)(10)b Delaware Code, the following sub-contractor listing must accompany the bid submittal. The name and address of the sub-contractor **must be listed for each category** where the bidder intends to use a sub-contractor to perform that category of work. In order to provide full disclosure and acceptance of the bid by the *Owner*, **it is required that bidders list themselves as being the sub-contractor for all categories where he/she is qualified and intends to perform such work.** This form must be filled out completely with no additions or deletions. **Note that all subcontractors listed below must have a signed Affidavit of Employee Drug Testing Program included with this bid.**

<u>Subcontractor Category</u>	<u>Subcontractor</u>	<u>Address (City & State)</u>	<u>Subcontractors tax payer ID # or Delaware Business license #</u>
1. Carpentry	_____	_____	_____
2. Concrete	_____	_____	_____
3. Electrical	_____	_____	_____
4. Fire Protection	_____	_____	_____
5. Masonry	_____	_____	_____
6. Mechanical	_____	_____	_____
7. Plumbing	_____	_____	_____
8. Signage	_____	_____	_____
9. Structured Cabling	_____	_____	_____

**Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance
800 South Bay Road
Dover, DE 19901
Contract No. MC5511000018**

BID FORM
NON-COLLUSION STATEMENT

This is to certify that the undersigned bidder has neither directly nor indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal submitted this date to the Office of Management and Budget, Division of Facilities Management.

All the terms and conditions of MC5511000018 have been thoroughly examined and are understood.

NAME OF BIDDER: _____

**AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE
(TYPED):** _____

**AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE
(SIGNATURE):** _____

TITLE: _____

ADDRESS OF BIDDER: _____

E-MAIL: _____

PHONE NUMBER: _____

Sworn to and Subscribed before me this _____ day of _____, 20____.

My Commission expires _____, NOTARY PUBLIC _____.

THIS PAGE MUST BE SIGNED AND NOTARIZED FOR YOUR BID TO BE CONSIDERED.

**Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance
800 South Bay Road
Dover, DE 19901
Contract No. MC5511000018**

**AFFIDAVIT
OF
EMPLOYEE DRUG TESTING PROGRAM**

4104 Regulations for the Drug Testing of Contractor Employees Working on Large Public Works Projects requires that Contractors implement a program of mandatory drug testing for Employees who work on Large Public Works Contracts funded all or in part with public funds.

We hereby certify that we have in place or will implement during the entire term of the contract a Mandatory Drug Testing Program for our employees on the jobsite that complies with this regulation:

Contractor Name: _____

Contractor Address: _____

Authorized Representative (typed or printed): _____

Authorized Representative (signature): _____

Title: _____

Sworn to and Subscribed before me this _____ day of _____ 20____.

My Commission expires _____ NOTARY PUBLIC _____.

THIS PAGE MUST BE SIGNED AND NOTARIZED FOR YOUR BID TO BE CONSIDERED.

END OF SECTION

**SECTION 01 21 00
ALLOWANCES**

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Contingency allowance.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01 20 00 - Price and Payment Procedures: Additional payment and modification procedures.

1.03 CONTINGENCY ALLOWANCE

- A. Contractor's costs for products, delivery, installation, labor, insurance, payroll, taxes, bonding, equipment rental, overhead and profit will be included in Change Orders authorizing expenditure of funds from this Contingency Allowance.
- B. Funds will be drawn from the Contingency Allowance only by Change Order.
- C. At closeout of Contract, funds remaining in Contingency Allowance will be credited to Owner by Change Order.

1.04 ALLOWANCES SCHEDULE

- A. Allowance #1 is set aside for unpredicted scope on the project, to be verified and billed as the project conditions dictate: Sum of \$30,000 thirty thousand dollars.
- B. Allowance #2 is set aside for perimeter heating investigation, troubleshooting, and correction scope on the project, to be verified and billed as the project conditions dictate: Sum of \$10,000 ten thousand dollars
- C. Allowance #3: is set aside for signage package scope on the project, to be verified and billed as the project conditions dictate: Sum of \$120,000 one hundred twenty thousand.
- D. Allowance #4 is set aside for traffic control, material and labor scope on the project, to be verified and billed as the project conditions dictate: Sum of \$15,000 fifteen thousand dollars.
- E. If any part of these Allowances are used, the "Allowance Authorization" form must be authorized.

PART 2 PRODUCTS - NOT USED

PART 3 EXECUTION - NOT USED

END OF SECTION

ALLOWANCE AUTHORIZATION

Project: Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance Project

Architect: StudioJAED Architects & Engineers

Project No. MC5511000018

Contractor:

AAA No.:

Initiation Date:

The Allowance is allocated as follows:

Allowance No. 1: \$30,000 for General Contingencies and Repairs.

Total original Contract Allowance was: \$ 30,000.00
Amount of Contract Allowance Access previously authorized: \$
Adjusted Contract Allowance prior to this authorization is: \$
The amount of available Allowance will Decrease by this Access Authorization: \$
The remaining Contract Allowance, after this Access Authorization will be: \$

**Recommended by:
Architect**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

**Accepted by:
Contractor**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

**Approved by:
Owner**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

ALLOWANCE AUTHORIZATION

Project: Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance Project

Architect: StudioJAED Architects & Engineers

Project No. MC5511000018

Contractor:

AAA No.:

Initiation Date:

The Allowance is allocated as follows:

Allowance No. 2: \$10,000 for Perimeter heating investigation, troubleshooting and correction.

Total original Contract Allowance was: \$ 10,000.00
Amount of Contract Allowance Access previously authorized: \$
Adjusted Contract Allowance prior to this authorization is: \$
The amount of available Allowance will Decrease by this Access Authorization: \$
The remaining Contract Allowance, after this Access Authorization will be: \$

**Recommended by:
Architect**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

**Accepted by:
Contractor**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

**Approved by:
Owner**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

ALLOWANCE AUTHORIZATION

Project: Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance Project

Architect: StudioJAED Architects & Engineers

Project No. MC5511000018

Contractor:

AAA No.:

Initiation Date:

The Allowance is allocated as follows:

Allowance No. 3: \$120,000 for Signage Package.

Total original Contract Allowance was: \$ 120,000.00
Amount of Contract Allowance Access previously authorized: \$
Adjusted Contract Allowance prior to this authorization is: \$
The amount of available Allowance will Decrease by this Access Authorization: \$
The remaining Contract Allowance, after this Access Authorization will be: \$

**Recommended by:
Architect**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

**Accepted by:
Contractor**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

**Approved by:
Owner**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

ALLOWANCE AUTHORIZATION

Project: Phase II Renovation and OCR Compliance Project

Architect: StudioJAED Architects & Engineers

Project No. MC5511000018

Contractor:

AAA No.:

Initiation Date:

The Allowance is allocated as follows:

Allowance No. 4: \$15,000 for traffic control, material and labor.

Total original Contract Allowance was: \$ 15,000.00
Amount of Contract Allowance Access previously authorized: \$
Adjusted Contract Allowance prior to this authorization is: \$
The amount of available Allowance will Decrease by this Access Authorization: \$
The remaining Contract Allowance, after this Access Authorization will be: \$

**Recommended by:
Architect**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

**Accepted by:
Contractor**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

**Approved by:
Owner**

By (Signature): _____

Date: _____

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:

- 1. Cast-in-place concrete, including concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes.
- 2. Fluid Applied Waterproofing

- B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 031000 "Concrete Forming and Accessories" for form-facing materials.
- 2. Section 032000 "Concrete Reinforcing" for steel reinforcing bars and welded-wire reinforcement.
- 3. Section 321313 "Concrete Paving" for concrete pavement and walks.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Cementitious Materials: Portland cement alone or in combination with one or more of the following: blended hydraulic cement, fly ash, slag cement, other pozzolans, and silica fume; materials subject to compliance with requirements.
- B. Water/Cement Ratio (w/cm): The ratio by weight of water to cementitious materials.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each of the following.

- 1. Portland cement.
- 2. Fly ash.
- 3. Slag cement.
- 4. Blended hydraulic cement.
- 5. Silica fume.
- 6. Performance-based hydraulic cement
- 7. Aggregates.
- 8. Admixtures:
 - a. Include limitations of use, including restrictions on cementitious materials, supplementary cementitious materials, air entrainment, aggregates, temperature at

time of concrete placement, relative humidity at time of concrete placement, curing conditions, and use of other admixtures.

9. Color pigments.
10. Fiber reinforcement.
11. Vapor retarders.
12. Floor and slab treatments.
13. Liquid floor treatments.
14. Curing materials.

- a. Include documentation from color pigment manufacturer, indicating that proposed methods of curing are recommended by color pigment manufacturer.

15. Joint fillers.
16. Repair materials.

B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture, include the following:

1. Mixture identification.
2. Minimum 28-day compressive strength.
3. Durability exposure class.
4. Maximum w/cm.
5. Calculated equilibrium unit weight, for lightweight concrete.
6. Slump limit.
7. Air content.
8. Nominal maximum aggregate size.
9. Steel-fiber reinforcement content.
10. Synthetic micro-fiber content.
11. Indicate amounts of mixing water to be withheld for later addition at Project site if permitted.
12. Include manufacturer's certification that permeability-reducing admixture is compatible with mix design.
13. Include certification that dosage rate for permeability-reducing admixture matches dosage rate used in performance compliance test.
14. Intended placement method.
15. Submit alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.

C. Shop Drawings:

1. Construction Joint Layout: Indicate proposed construction joints required to construct the structure.
 - a. Location of construction joints is subject to approval of the Architect.

D. Concrete Schedule: For each location of each Class of concrete indicated in "Concrete Mixtures" Article, including the following:

1. Concrete Class designation.
2. Location within Project.
3. Exposure Class designation.

4. Formed Surface Finish designation and final finish.
5. Final finish for floors.
6. Curing process.
7. Floor treatment if any.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For the following:

1. Installer: Include copies of applicable ACI certificates.
2. Ready-mixed concrete manufacturer.
3. Testing agency: Include copies of applicable ACI certificates.

B. Material Certificates: For each of the following, signed by manufacturers:

1. Cementitious materials.
2. Admixtures.
3. Fiber reinforcement.
4. Curing compounds.
5. Floor and slab treatments.
6. Bonding agents.
7. Adhesives.
8. Vapor retarders.
9. Semirigid joint filler.
10. Joint-filler strips.
11. Repair materials.

C. Material Test Reports: For the following, from a qualified testing agency:

1. Portland cement.
2. Fly ash.
3. Slag cement.
4. Blended hydraulic cement.
5. Silica fume.
6. Performance-based hydraulic cement.
7. Aggregates.
8. Admixtures:

- a. Permeability-Reducing Admixture: Include independent test reports, indicating compliance with specified requirements, including dosage rate used in test.

D. Floor surface flatness and levelness measurements report, indicating compliance with specified tolerances.

E. Research Reports:

1. For concrete admixtures in accordance with ICC's Acceptance Criteria AC198.
2. For sheet vapor retarder/termite barrier, showing compliance with ICC AC380.

F. Preconstruction Test Reports: For each mix design.

- G. Field quality-control reports.
- H. Minutes of preinstallation conference.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs Project personnel qualified as an ACI-certified Flatwork Technician and Finisher and a supervisor who is a certified ACI Flatwork Concrete Finisher/Technician or an ACI Concrete Flatwork Technician.
 - 1. Post-Installed Concrete Anchors Installers: ACI-certified Adhesive Anchor Installer.
- B. Ready-Mixed Concrete Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C94/C94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
 - 1. Manufacturer certified in accordance with NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- C. Laboratory Testing Agency Qualifications: A testing agency qualified in accordance with ASTM C1077 and ASTM E329 for testing indicated and employing an ACI-certified Concrete Quality Control Technical Manager.
 - 1. Personnel performing laboratory tests shall be an ACI-certified Concrete Strength Testing Technician and Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician, Grade I. Testing agency laboratory supervisor shall be an ACI-certified Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician, Grade II.
- D. Field Quality Control Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency qualified in accordance with ASTM C1077 and ASTM E329 for testing indicated.
 - 1. Personnel conducting field tests shall be qualified as an ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician, Grade 1, in accordance with ACI CPP 610.1 or an equivalent certification program.
- E. Mockups: Cast concrete panels to demonstrate typical joints, surface finish, texture, tolerances, floor treatments, and standard of workmanship.

1.7 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Preconstruction Testing Service: Engage a qualified testing agency to perform preconstruction testing on each concrete mixture.
 - 1. Include the following information in each test report:
 - a. Admixture dosage rates.
 - b. Slump.
 - c. Air content.
 - d. Seven-day compressive strength.
 - e. 28-day compressive strength.

f. Permeability.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with ASTM C94/C94M and ACI 301 (ACI 301M).

1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 (ACI 301M) and ACI 306.1 and as follows.

1. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.
2. When average high and low temperature is expected to fall below 40 deg F (4.4 deg C) for three successive days, maintain delivered concrete mixture temperature within the temperature range required by ACI 301 (ACI 301M).
3. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow.
4. Do not place concrete in contact with surfaces less than 35 deg F (1.7 deg C), other than reinforcing steel.
5. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mixture designs.

- B. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 (ACI 301M) and ACI 305.1 (ACI 305.1M), and as follows:

1. Maintain concrete temperature at time of discharge to not exceed 95 deg F (35 deg C).
2. Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade uniformly moist without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

1.10 WARRANTY

- ~~A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to furnish replacement sheet vapor retarder/termite barrier material and accessories for sheet vapor retarder/ termite barrier and accessories that do not comply with requirements or that fail to resist penetration by termites within specified warranty period.~~

- ~~1. Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.~~

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONCRETE, GENERAL

- A. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:

1. ACI 301 (ACI 301M).

2.2 CONCRETE MATERIALS

A. Source Limitations:

1. Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant.
2. Obtain aggregate from single source.
3. Obtain each type of admixture from single source from single manufacturer.

B. Cementitious Materials:

1. Portland Cement: ASTM C150/C150M, Type I.
2. Fly Ash: ASTM C618, Class C or F.
3. Slag Cement: ASTM C989/C989M, Grade 100 or 120.

C. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C33/C33M, **Class 3S** coarse aggregate or better, graded. Provide aggregates from a single source.

1. Alkali-Silica Reaction: Comply with one of the following:
 - a. Expansion Result of Aggregate: Not more than 0.04 percent at one-year when tested in accordance with ASTM C1293.
 - b. Expansion Results of Aggregate and Cementitious Materials in Combination: Not more than 0.10 percent at an age of 16 days when tested in accordance with ASTM C1567.
 - c. Alkali Content in Concrete: Not more than 4 lb./cu. yd. (2.37 kg/cu. m) for moderately reactive aggregate or 3 lb./cu. yd. (1.78 kg/cu. m) for highly reactive aggregate, when tested in accordance with ASTM C1293 and categorized in accordance with ASTM C1778, based on alkali content being calculated in accordance with ACI 301 (ACI 301M).
2. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: **1-1/2 inches (38 mm)**.
3. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.

D. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C260/C260M.

E. Chemical Admixtures: Certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.

1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C494/C494M, Type A.
2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C494/C494M, Type B.
3. Water-Reducing and -Retarding Admixture: ASTM C494/C494M, Type D.
4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C494/C494M, Type F.
5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and -Retarding Admixture: ASTM C494/C494M, Type G.
6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C1017/C1017M, Type II.

2.3 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic.

- B. Semirigid Joint Filler: Two-component, semirigid, 100 percent solids, epoxy resin with a Type A shore durometer hardness of 80 in accordance with ASTM D2240.
- C. Bonding Agent: ASTM C1059/C1059M, Type II, nonredispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.
- D. Epoxy Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C881, two-component epoxy resin, capable of humid curing and bonding to damp surfaces, of class suitable for application temperature and of grade to suit requirements, and as follows:
 - 1. Types I and II, nonload bearing, for bonding hardened or freshly mixed concrete to hardened concrete.

2.4 CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, in accordance with ACI 301 (ACI 301M).
 - 1. Use a qualified testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed mixture designs, based on laboratory trial mixtures.
- B. Cementitious Materials: Limit percentage, by weight, of cementitious materials other than portland cement in concrete as follows:
 - 1. Fly Ash or Other Pozzolans: 25 percent by mass.
 - 2. Slag Cement: 50 percent by mass.
 - 3. Silica Fume: 10 percent by mass.
 - 4. Total of Fly Ash or Other Pozzolans, Slag Cement, and Silica Fume: 50 percent by mass, with fly ash or pozzolans not exceeding 25 percent by mass and silica fume not exceeding 10 percent by mass.
 - 5. Total of Fly Ash or Other Pozzolans and Silica Fume: 35 percent by mass with fly ash or pozzolans not exceeding 25 percent by mass and silica fume not exceeding 10 percent by mass.
- C. Admixtures: Use admixtures in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

2.5 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Class J: Normal-weight concrete used for exterior retaining walls.
 - 1. Exposure Class: ACI 318 (ACI 318M) F2.
 - 2. Minimum Compressive Strength 4000 psi at 28 days.
 - 3. Slump Limit: 4 inches (100 mm), plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
 - 4. Air Content:
 - a. Exposure Classes F2 and F3: 5.5 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for concrete containing 1-1/2-inch (38-mm) nominal maximum aggregate size.

2.6 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete in accordance with ASTM C94/C94M, and furnish batch ticket information.
- B. Project-Site Mixing: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete in accordance with ASTM C94/C94M. Mix concrete materials in appropriate drum-type batch machine mixer.
 - 1. For mixer capacity of 1 cu. yd. (0.76 cu. m) or smaller, continue mixing at least 1-1/2 minutes, but not more than five minutes after ingredients are in mixer, before any part of batch is released.
 - 2. For mixer capacity larger than 1 cu. yd. (0.76 cu. m), increase mixing time by 15 seconds for each additional 1 cu. yd. (0.76 cu. m).
 - 3. Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and used in the Work, indicating Project identification name and number, date, mixture type, mixture time, quantity, and amount of water added. Record approximate location of final deposit in structure.

2.7 WATERPROOFING

- 1. Provide CCW-MIRASEAL Reinforced Liquid Applied Waterproofing Membrane at 120 mil thickness as supplied by Carlisle Coatings and Waterproofing Incorporated, 900 Hensley Lane, Wylie, Texas 78098, Phone: (800) 527-7092 Fax: (972) 442-0076. Or approved equal.
- 2. Waterproofing membrane shall be CCW-MIRASEAL for horizontal surfaces applied at 60 mils for each coat, reinforced by CCW LiquiFiber reinforcing fabric between coats and CCW-MIRASEAL for vertical surfaces applied at 60 mils for each coat, reinforced by CCW LiquiFiber reinforcing fabric between coats and shall meet or exceed the requirements of ASTM C 836.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verification of Conditions:
 - 1. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of concrete forms, accessories, and reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.
 - 2. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Provide reasonable auxiliary services to accommodate field testing and inspections, acceptable to testing agency, including the following:
 - 1. Access to the Work.
 - 2. Incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate tests and inspections.

3. Secure facilities for storage, initial curing, and field curing of test samples, including continuous electrical power.
4. Security and protection for samples and for testing and inspection equipment at Project site.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF EMBEDDED ITEMS

- A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining Work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete.
 1. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
 2. Install anchor rods, accurately located, to elevations required and complying with tolerances in Section 7.5 of ANSI/AISC 303.
 3. Install reglets to receive waterproofing and to receive through-wall flashings in outer face of concrete frame at exterior walls, where flashing is shown at lintels, shelf angles, and other conditions.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF VAPOR RETARDER

- A. Sheet Vapor Retarders: Place, protect, and repair sheet vapor retarder in accordance with ASTM E1643 and manufacturer's written instructions.
 1. Install vapor retarder with longest dimension parallel with direction of concrete pour.
 2. Face laps away from exposed direction of concrete pour.
 3. Lap vapor retarder over footings and grade beams not less than 6 inches (150 mm), sealing vapor retarder to concrete.
 4. Lap joints 6 inches (150 mm) and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape.
 5. Terminate vapor retarder at the top of floor slabs, grade beams, and pile caps, sealing entire perimeter to floor slabs, grade beams, foundation walls, or pile caps.
 6. Seal penetrations in accordance with vapor retarder manufacturer's instructions.
 7. Protect vapor retarder during placement of reinforcement and concrete.
 - a. Repair damaged areas by patching with vapor retarder material, overlapping damages area by 6 inches (150 mm) on all sides, and sealing to vapor retarder.
- B. Bituminous Vapor Retarders: Place, protect, and repair bituminous vapor retarder in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 JOINTS

- A. Construct joints true to line, with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Coordinate with floor slab pattern and concrete placement sequence.
 1. Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated on Drawings or as approved by Architect.
 2. Place joints perpendicular to main reinforcement.

- a. Continue reinforcement across construction joints unless otherwise indicated.
 - b. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip placements of floors and slabs.
3. Form keyed joints as indicated. Embed keys at least 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) into concrete.
 4. Locate joints for beams, slabs, joists, and girders at third points of spans. Offset joints in girders a minimum distance of twice the beam width from a beam-girder intersection.
 5. Locate horizontal joints in walls and columns at underside of floors, slabs, beams, and girders and at the top of footings or floor slabs.
 6. Space vertical joints in walls [**as indicated on Drawings**] <Insert spacing>. Unless otherwise indicated on Drawings, locate vertical joints beside piers integral with walls, near corners, and in concealed locations where possible.
 7. Use a bonding agent at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
 8. Use epoxy-bonding adhesive at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
- C. Control Joints in Slabs-on-Ground: Form weakened-plane control joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct control joints for a depth equal to at least **one-fourth** of concrete thickness as follows:
1. Grooved Joints: Form control joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch (3.2 mm). Repeat grooving of control joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.
- D. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Ground: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.
1. Extend joint-filler strips full width and depth of joint, terminating flush with finished concrete surface unless otherwise indicated on Drawings.
 2. Terminate full-width joint-filler strips not less than 1/2 inch (13 mm) or more than 1 inch (25 mm) below finished concrete surface, where joint sealants, specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants," are indicated.
 3. Install joint-filler strips in lengths as long as practicable. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip sections together.
- E. Doweled Joints:
1. Install dowel bars and support assemblies at joints where indicated on Drawings.
 2. Lubricate or asphalt coat one-half of dowel bar length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.
- F. Dowel Plates: Install dowel plates at joints where indicated on Drawings.

3.6 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, embedded items, and vapor retarder is complete and that required inspections are completed.

1. Immediately prior to concrete placement, inspect vapor retarder for damage and deficient installation, and repair defective areas.
 2. Provide continuous inspection of vapor retarder during concrete placement and make necessary repairs to damaged areas as Work progresses.
- B. Notify Architect and testing and inspection agencies 24 hours prior to commencement of concrete placement.
- C. Do not add water to concrete during delivery, at Project site, or during placement unless approved by Architect in writing, but not to exceed the amount indicated on the concrete delivery ticket.
1. Do not add water to concrete after adding high-range water-reducing admixtures to mixture.
- D. Before test sampling and placing concrete, water may be added at Project site, subject to limitations of ACI 301 (ACI 301M), but not to exceed the amount indicated on the concrete delivery ticket.
1. Do not add water to concrete after adding high-range water-reducing admixtures to mixture.
- E. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete is placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness.
1. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated.
 2. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
 3. Deposit concrete in horizontal layers of depth not to exceed formwork design pressures and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints.
 4. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment in accordance with ACI 301 (ACI 301M).
 - a. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms.
 - b. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches (150 mm) into preceding layer.
 - c. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to lose plasticity.
 - d. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete, and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mixture constituents to segregate.
- F. Deposit and consolidate concrete for floors and slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until placement of a panel or section is complete.
1. Do not place concrete floors and slabs in a checkerboard sequence.
 2. Consolidate concrete during placement operations, so concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.
 3. Maintain reinforcement in position on chairs during concrete placement.
 4. Screed slab surfaces with a straightedge and strike off to correct elevations.
 5. Level concrete, cut high areas, and fill low areas.
 6. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required.

7. Begin initial floating using bull floats or darbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane, before excess bleedwater appears on the surface.
8. Do not further disturb slab surfaces before starting finishing operations.

3.7 FINISHING FLOORS AND SLABS

- A. Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.
- B. Broom Finish: Apply a broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps, ramps, and locations indicated on Drawings.
 1. Immediately after float finishing, slightly roughen trafficked surface by brooming with fiber-bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route.
 2. Coordinate required final finish with Architect before application.

3.8 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

- A. Defective Concrete:
 1. Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect.
 2. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.
- B. Patching Mortar: Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of 1 part portland cement to 2-1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 (1.18-mm) sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.
- C. Repairing Formed Surfaces: Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning.
 1. Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, and voids more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) in any dimension to solid concrete.
 - a. Limit cut depth to 3/4 inch (19 mm).
 - b. Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface.
 - c. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes and voids with bonding agent.
 - d. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried.
 - e. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
 2. Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement, so that, when dry, patching mortar matches surrounding color.
 - a. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching.
 - b. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
 3. Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that will affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Architect.

D. Repairing Unformed Surfaces:

1. Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish, and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface.
 - a. Correct low and high areas.
 - b. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.
2. Repair finished surfaces containing surface defects, including spalls, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing, and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch (0.25 mm) wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through unreinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.
3. After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.
4. Correct localized low areas during, or immediately after, completing surface-finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar.
 - a. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.

3.9 WATERPROOFING

A. APPLICATION

1. Priming: Primer is not required for adhesion to dry surfaces, non-porous concrete.
2. Apply the CCW-MIRASEAL in one uniform coat at the rate of one gallon minimum per 25 square feet or as needed in order to obtain a minimum thickness of 60 wet mils, including coverage of detail work. Use a ¼-inch notch squeegee to achieve a uniform thickness, then back roll to smooth coating.
3. Immediately install Carlisle's CCW LiquiFiber reinforcing fabric working the fabric into the wet CCW-MIRASEAL until fabric is saturated, avoiding trapped air, wrinkles and fishmouths. Cut and lay flat wrinkles and fishmouths.
4. In the event the entire surface is not completed in one day and becomes contaminated, prior to beginning application clean an area 6" wide along the edge of the previously applied membrane with a cloth wet with xylene solvent. New work shall overlap the existing work by 6".
5. Allow the first coat of CCW-MIRASEAL to cure three (3) hours minimum to a firm consistency.
6. Apply the second coat of CCW-MIRASEAL at 25 sf/gallon in a uniform consistency of 60 mils over the first coat of CCW-MIRASEAL. Cover the CCW LiquiFiber reinforcing fabric for complete encapsulation.

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Special Inspections: Owner will engage a special inspector to perform field tests and inspections and prepare testing and inspection reports.
- B. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform tests and inspections and to submit reports.

1. Testing agency shall immediately report to Architect, Contractor, and concrete manufacturer any failure of Work to comply with Contract Documents.
 2. Testing agency shall report results of tests and inspections, in writing, to Owner, Architect, Contractor, and concrete manufacturer within 48 hours of inspections and tests.
 - a. Test reports shall include reporting requirements of ASTM C31/C31M, ASTM C39/C39M, and ACI 301, including the following as applicable to each test and inspection:
 - 1) Project name.
 - 2) Name of testing agency.
 - 3) Names and certification numbers of field and laboratory technicians performing inspections and testing.
 - 4) Name of concrete manufacturer.
 - 5) Date and time of inspection, sampling, and field testing.
 - 6) Date and time of concrete placement.
 - 7) Location in Work of concrete represented by samples.
 - 8) Date and time sample was obtained.
 - 9) Truck and batch ticket numbers.
 - 10) Design compressive strength at 28 days.
 - 11) Concrete mixture designation, proportions, and materials.
 - 12) Field test results.
 - 13) Information on storage and curing of samples before testing, including curing method and maximum and minimum temperatures during initial curing period.
 - 14) Type of fracture and compressive break strengths at seven days and 28 days.
- C. Batch Tickets: For each load delivered, submit three copies of batch delivery ticket to testing agency, indicating quantity, mix identification, admixtures, design strength, aggregate size, design air content, design slump at time of batching, and amount of water that can be added at Project site.
- D. Inspections:
1. Headed bolts and studs.
 2. Verification of use of required design mixture.
 3. Concrete placement, including conveying and depositing.
 4. Curing procedures and maintenance of curing temperature.
 5. Verification of concrete strength before removal of shores and forms from beams and slabs.
 6. Batch Plant Inspections: On a random basis, as determined by Architect.
- E. Concrete Tests: Testing of composite samples of fresh concrete obtained in accordance with ASTM C 172/C 172M shall be performed in accordance with the following requirements:
1. Testing Frequency: Obtain one composite sample for each day's pour of each concrete mixture exceeding 5 cu. yd. (4 cu. m), but less than 25 cu. yd. (19 cu. m), plus one set for each additional 50 cu. yd. (38 cu. m) or fraction thereof.
 - a. When frequency of testing provides fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.

2. Slump: ASTM C143/C143M:
 - a. One test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
 - b. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.
3. Air Content: ASTM C231/C231M pressure method, for normal-weight concrete;
 - a. One test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
4. Concrete Temperature: ASTM C1064/C1064M:
 - a. One test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F (4.4 deg C) and below or 80 deg F (27 deg C) and above, and one test for each composite sample.
5. Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C31/C31M:
 - a. Cast and laboratory cure two sets of **two** 6-inch (150 mm) by 12-inch (300 mm) cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
6. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C39/C39M.
 - a. Test one set of two laboratory-cured specimens at seven days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
 - b. Test one set of two field-cured specimens at seven days and one set of two specimens at 28 days.
 - c. A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from a set of two specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at age indicated.
7. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, Contractor shall evaluate operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing in-place concrete.
8. Strength of each concrete mixture will be satisfactory if every average of any three consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength, and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi (3.4 MPa) if specified compressive strength is 5000 psi (34.5 MPa), or no compressive strength test value is less than 10 percent of specified compressive strength if specified compressive strength is greater than 5000 psi (34.5 MPa).
9. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.
10. Additional Tests:
 - a. Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect.
 - b. Testing and inspecting agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C42/C42M or by other methods as directed by Architect.

- 1) Acceptance criteria for concrete strength shall be in accordance with ACI 301 (ACI 301M), section 1.6.6.3.
11. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
12. Correct deficiencies in the Work that test reports and inspections indicate do not comply with the Contract Documents.

3.11 PROTECTION

A. Protect concrete surfaces as follows:

1. Protect from petroleum stains.
2. Diaper hydraulic equipment used over concrete surfaces.
3. Prohibit vehicles from interior concrete slabs.
4. Prohibit use of pipe-cutting machinery over concrete surfaces.
5. Prohibit placement of steel items on concrete surfaces.
6. Prohibit use of acids or acidic detergents over concrete surfaces.
7. Protect liquid floor treatment from damage and wear during the remainder of construction period. Use protective methods and materials, including temporary covering, recommended in writing by liquid floor treatments installer.
8. Protect concrete surfaces scheduled to receive surface hardener or polished concrete finish using Floor Slab Protective Covering.

END OF SECTION 033000

SECTION 07 42 13.23
ALUMINUM COMPOSITE MATERIAL (ACM) SYSTEM SPECIFICATION

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and General Provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this section.

1.02 SUMMARY

A. Definitions:

1. An Aluminum Composite Material (ACM) Panel System includes ACM panels, joints, attachment system components and miscellaneous materials as appropriate for the design of the project to provide a weather-resistant exterior veneer system.
2. A “Field-Fabricated” ACM Panel System is designed with components that permit the complete fabrication and installation of the system, in a single process in the field, without compromise to the overall quality and performance.

B. Section Includes:

1. Exterior installation and performance of ACM panels and ACM Panel System components.

C. Related Sections:

1. Division 05 – Metals: Cold-Formed Metal Framing

1.03 REFERENCES

- A. General: Standards listed by reference, including revisions by issuing authority, form a part of this specification section to the extent indicated. Standards listed have either been identified by the International Building Code (IBC) or local building code or are specific requirements for this building construction type.

B. Aluminum Association (AA):

1. Aluminum Design Manual (ADM)
2. AA-M12C23A31: Anodized – Clear Coating
3. AA-M12C23A34: Anodized – Color Coating

C. American Architectural Manufacturers Association (AAMA):

1. AAMA 501.1 Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Windows, Curtain Walls and Doors Using Dynamic Pressure
2. AAMA 501.2 Quality Assurance and Diagnostic Water Leakage Field Check of Installed Storefronts, Curtain Walls and Sloped Glazing Systems
3. AAMA 609 & 610 Cleaning and Maintenance Guide for Architecturally Finished Aluminum
4. AAMA 2605 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels

D. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE):

1. ASCE/SEI 7 Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures

E. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) International:

1. ASTM A653 Standard Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process
2. ASTM B209 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate
3. ASTM B221 Standard Specification for Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Profiles, and Tubes
4. ASTM C645 Standard Specification for Nonstructural Steel Framing Members
5. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants
6. ASTM D635 Standard Test Method for Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Plastics in a Horizontal Position
7. ASTM D1781 Standard Test Method for Climbing Drum Peel for Adhesives
8. ASTM D1929 Standard Test Method for Determining Ignition Temperature of Plastics
9. ASTM D2244 Standard Practice for Calculation of Color Tolerances and Color Differences from Instrumentally Measured Color Coordinates
10. ASTM D4214 Standard Test Methods for Evaluating the Degree of Chalking of Exterior Paint Films
11. ASTM E84 Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
12. ASTM E283 Standard Test Method for Determining the Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen

13. ASTM E330 Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls By Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference

14. ASTM E331 Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls By Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference

F. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

1. NFPA 285 Standard Fire Test Method for Evaluation of Fire Propagation Characteristics of Exterior Non-Load-Bearing Wall Assemblies Containing Combustible Components

1.04 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A. Performance Requirements:

1. Provide installed ACM Panel System designed to withstand project-specific design loads while maintaining System Requirements; Deflection and Thermal Movement; and Fire Performance without defects, damage, or failure as defined by the Manufacturer and required by this section.

B. System Requirements:

1. ASTM E283 Standard Test Method for Determining the Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen – Air flow measurement across the ACM Panel System (excluding jamb conditions) shall not be more than 0.06 cfm per sf of wall area when tested to a pressure difference of 6.24 psf.
2. ASTM E330 Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls By Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference – ACM Panel System must be engineered to meet the project-specific design loads for strength and serviceability requirements. In addition, the ACM Panel System must meet or exceed the Deflection and Thermal Movement criteria when tested to a minimum pressure of 40.0 psf.
3. ASTM E331 Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls By Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference – Water penetration across the ACM Panel System shall not occur when tested to a pressure difference of 12.0 psf.
4. AAMA 501.1 Standard Test Method for Water Penetration of Windows, Curtain Walls and Doors Using Dynamic Pressure – Water penetration across the ACM Panel System shall not occur when tested to a pressure difference of 15.0 psf.

C. Deflection and Thermal Movement: Provide installed ACM Panel System that has been designed to resist project-specific wind loads, acting both inward and outward:

1. Perimeter Framing Deflection: Deflection of the panel perimeter framing member shall not exceed $L/175$ normal to plane of the wall, where L is the unsupported span of the perimeter framing member between fastener locations.
 2. Panel Deflection: Deflection of the panel face shall not exceed $L/60$ normal to plane of the wall, where L is the unsupported span of the panel between load transfer locations.
 3. At 150% pressure, no permanent deformation exceeding $L/1000$ or failure to structural members is permitted.
 4. Thermal Movements: Allow for free and noiseless horizontal and vertical thermal movement due to expansion and contraction of component parts over a temperature range of -20°F to $+180^{\circ}\text{F}$ at the material surface.
 - a. Buckling, opening of joints, undue stress on fasteners, failure of sealants, or any other detrimental effects of thermal movement are not permitted.
 - b. Field-fabrication and installation procedures shall take into account the ambient temperature range at the time of the respective operation.
- D. Fire Performance: Wall assemblies containing ACM Panel System shall meet the requirements of NFPA 285 using the Intermediate-Scale Multi-Story Test Apparatus (ISMA), where required by code based on the design of this project.

1.05 SUBMITTALS

- A. General: Provide submittals in accordance with Conditions of the Contract and Division 01 Submittal Procedures Section as follows:
- B. Product Data: Submit material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for each type of ACM Panel System.
- C. ACM Panel System:
 1. Submit system-specific design details including, but not limited to, ACM panel, molding, clip, adhesive, fastener, and sealant components.
 2. Submit design data including, but not limited to, material properties, section properties, and capacities for each ACM Panel System component. Design data shall be supported by a qualified Design Professional licensed in the state of primary research and development, design, and manufacturing of the ACM Panel System.
 3. Submit system-specific installation guide information.
 4. Submit Shop Drawings indicating, but not limited to, elevations and reflected ceiling plans with joint locations and panel sizes; sections with thicknesses and dimensions of components; edge conditions; interfaces with dissimilar materials; corners and transitions;

flashings, trims, venting, fasteners, sealants, caulks, and adhesives; accessories; and/or colors.

D. Samples:

1. Selected Samples: Submit ACM Manufacturer's color charts or chips illustrating full range of colors, finishes, patterns, and textures available for ACM panels with factory-applied finishes. Custom color selection requires color sample to be submitted for approval. Approval signature(s) are required by Architect.
2. Verification Samples:
 - a. ACM Panel System assembly: Submit 12 inches x 12 inches, or size as required, demonstrating system assembly. Samples to be provided in thickness specified, including ACM panel, molding, clip, adhesive, fastener, and sealant components. Sample need not be provided in the specified color.
 - b. Submit two samples of each color or finish selected that measure approximately 3 inches x 4 inches, minimum.
 - c. Custom color samples may contain drawdown lines. Sizes for custom color samples may vary.

E. Quality Assurance Submittals:

1. ACM Material Certification: Submit an official written statement from the Manufacturer documenting that product raw materials meet specified standards. Certification shall be backed by test reports and/or material certificates.
2. ACM Product Certification: Submit an official written statement from the Manufacturer documenting that product complies with specified Performance Requirements indicated in this specification. Certification shall be backed by test reports.
3. ACM Panel System Certification: Submit an official written statement from the Manufacturer documenting that the ACM Panel System complies with specified Performance Requirements indicated in this specification. Certification shall be backed by test reports.

F. Closeout Submittals:

1. Warranty: Submit Manufacturer and Installer warranty documents as specified within the Warranty section of this specification.
2. Maintenance: Submit Manufacturer's recommendations document for Cleaning and Maintenance of the ACM Panel System.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications:

1. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company with a minimum of 20 years of continuous experience manufacturing ACM panels in the United States of America of the type specified:
 - a. Able to provide specified warranty on finish.
 - b. Able to provide a list of other projects of similar size including approximate date of installation for each.
2. Installer Qualifications:
 - a. The Installer shall have:
 - i. Been in business of a similar trade and under the present company name for at least five (5) years prior to the start of this project, and
 - ii. Experience with similar sized ACM Panel System projects, and
 - iii. Installed at least three (3) successful projects of the specified ACM Panel System within the last five (5) years
 - 1) Acceptable, varying combinations of successful projects and/or years of experience shall be determined at the discretion of the Manufacturer.
 - b. The Installer must be capable of providing field service representation during installation.
- B. Regulatory Code Agencies Requirements: Provide ACM Panel System that has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following, where required:
 1. International Code Council (ICC)
 2. Miami/Dade County Florida (Notice of Acceptance)
 3. State of Florida (Florida Product Approval)
- C. Mock-Ups: Install a mock-up at the project jobsite using acceptable products and Manufacturer-approved details. Obtain Architect's acceptance of finish color (drawdown samples to be used for color approval of nonstandard coil coated colors), texture and pattern, and workmanship standard. Comply with Division 01 Quality Control, Mock-Up Requirements Section.
 1. Mock-Up Size: Provide as detailed in the construction documents if a stand-alone Mock-Up is required.
 2. Maintenance: Maintain mock-up during construction for workmanship comparison; remove and legally dispose of mock-up when no longer required.
 3. Incorporation: Mock-up may be incorporated into final construction upon Owner's approval.

4. Additional Cost: Material required for custom color mock-ups may require special small quantity runs that increase cost and require additional time to obtain material.
- D. Pre-installation Meeting: Conduct pre-installation meeting to verify project requirements, substrate conditions, and Manufacturer's installation details.

1.07 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Substrate Tolerances: The General Contractor is responsible for providing an acceptable substrate per Manufacturer's requirements including:
1. Adjacent substrate faces out-of-plane offset: +/- 1/8 inch, and
 2. Level, plumb, and location control lines as indicated: 1/4 inch in any 20 feet, and
 3. Any building elevation direction deviation: +/- 1/2 inch
- B. Field Measurements: Verify locations of wall framing members and wall opening dimensions by field measurements prior to the field-fabrication of the ACM Panel System. Field measurements to be taken once all substrate materials and adjacent materials are installed.

1.08 WARRANTY

- A. Project Warranty: Refer to Conditions of the Contract for project warranty provisions.
- B. Manufacturer's Material Warranty: Submit, to the Owner, the Manufacturer's standard warranty.
1. Warranty Period:
 - a. Material and Product Integrity: Five (5) years against delamination at any manufactured bond line
 - b. Anodized Finish: Twenty (20) years against cracking, chipping, splitting, blistering, or peeling. Minute fracturing (i.e. crazing or cracking) as a result of routing and bending of the ACM panels shall be excluded.
- C. Installation Warranty: Installer shall submit to the Owner a standard warranty document executed by an authorized company official. The warranty shall be in addition to, and not a limitation of, other rights Owner may have under the Contract Documents.
1. Warranty Period:
 - a. Workmanship: One (1) year warranty period commencing on Date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 ACM MANUFACTURERS AND FIELD-FABRICATED ACM PANEL SYSTEM SUPPLIERS

A. ACM Manufacturers: Basis of Design:

1. Omega-Lite panels manufactured by Laminators Inc. – www.laminatorsinc.com

B. Field-Fabricated ACM Panel System Suppliers:

1. Laminators Inc. – www.laminatorsinc.com

2.02 ALUMINUM COMPOSITE MATERIAL (ACM)

A. ACM Panel Description

1. Composition:

- a. Two sheets of aluminum bonded to a core of extruded thermoplastic manufactured in a laminated batch (i.e. discontinuous) process using adhesive(s) between dissimilar materials. The core material shall not contain foam plastic insulation.

2. Thickness: 0.236 inch (6 mm)

3. Sheets:

- a. Face Thickness: 0.020 inch nominal or thicker
- b. Backer Thickness: 0.0125 inch nominal or thicker
- c. Combined Minimum Thickness: 0.0365 inch nominal (Face + Backer)

4. Product:

- a. On Types I, II, III, and IV Construction to any height above grade in accordance with the provisions of IBC Section 1407.10.

5. Fire Performance: Class A Material

- a. ASTM E84: ACM panels shall have a Flame Spread Index (FSI) of not more than 25 when tested in the maximum thickness intended for use.
- b. ASTM E84: ACM panels shall have a Smoke Developed Index (SDI) of not more than 450 when tested in the maximum thickness intended for use.

6. Bond Integrity:

- a. ASTM D1781 Climbing Drum Peel Strength: 21.5 in-lb/in minimum as manufactured
- b. Chemically-bonded to the core material in a laminated batch process

2.03 FINISH

A. Exterior Finish: Finish shall meet the performance criteria of the AA.

1. Anodized:

- a. Clear Coating: AA-M12C23A31 Architectural Class

2.04 SYSTEM COMPONENTS

- A. General: Provide Manufacturer's standard ACM Panel System-specific components, including, but not limited to, mountings, adhesives, connections, and fasteners for specific applications indicated on contract documents.

2.05 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. General: Refer to Related Sections specified herein for other materials, including concrete, masonry, framing, sheathing, barriers, flashing and trim, sealants, windows, glazing, and/or curtain walls.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLER INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Compliance: Comply with Manufacturer's product data, including, but not limited to, installation guides, design details, product technical bulletins, supplemental technical instructions, and any other product packaging instructions.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Site Verification of Conditions: Verify that conditions of substrate previously installed under other sections are acceptable for the ACM Panel System installation. Documentation should be provided indicating any conditions detrimental to the performance of the ACM Panel System.

3.03 FIELD-FABRICATED INSTALLATION

- A. Field measurements of site conditions shall be coordinated with approved Shop Drawings prior to beginning installation of the ACM Panel System for locations of intermediate adhesive supports, joints, and edge locations.

- B. Field-coordinate placement of joints relative to substrate prior to field-fabrication of panels.
- C. Field-fabricate panels to sizes and joint configurations indicated on approved Shop Drawings.
- D. Fabricate panels with sharply cut edges and no displacement of face or backer sheets or protrusion of core. Form panel angles, breaks, corners, lines, and returns to be sharp, true, and free of buckle and/or warp.
- E. Fabrication Tolerances:
 - 1. Width: +/- 1/16- inch
 - 2. Length: +/- 1/16 inch
 - 3. Squareness: +/- 1/16 inch
- F. Panel Installation:
 - 1. Install the ACM Panel System plumb, level, and true in compliance with Manufacturer's recommendations and approved Shop Drawings.
 - 2. Comply with the Manufacturer's instructions for installation of concealed fasteners; provisions of Section 079200; and manufacturer's recommendations for installation of joint sealants.
 - 3. Installation Tolerances:
 - a. Adjacent vertical or horizontal panel out-of-plane offset: +/- 1/16 inch
 - b. Panel edge shall not be exposed short of the finished face of molding. Vertical or horizontal joint width: +/- 1/16 inch
 - c. Adjacent vertical or horizontal panel edge alignment: +/- 1/16 inch
 - d. Adjacent vertical or horizontal joint deviation: +/- 1/16 inch
 - e. Maximum vertical or horizontal joint deviation: 1/4 inch in any 20 feet
 - 4. Do not cut, trim, weld, or braze ACM Panel System-specific components during installation in a manner which would damage the finish, decrease strength, or result in visual imperfection or a failure in performance.
 - 5. Separate contact of dissimilar metals with approved methods as defined by the Manufacturer in order to eliminate the possibility of corrosive or electrolytic action between metals.
- G. Related Products Installation Requirements: Refer to other sections in Related Sections for installation of related products.

3.05 FIELD QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Field Quality Control: When required, mock-up shall be constructed and tested at the direction of the Architect Water-spray testing on the mock-up of the ACM Panel System shall be in accordance with AAMA 501.2.

3.06 REMEDIATION AND CLEANING

A. Remediation:

1. Remove and replace ACM Panel System-specific components damaged as a direct result of activities in the Panel Installation section.
2. Remove protective masking immediately after installation of ACM Panel System. Masking intentionally left in place after Panel Installation on an elevation at the direction of the General Contractor shall become the responsibility of the General Contractor.
3. Panel Installation completion shall be agreed-upon between the Installer and the General Contractor.
4. Following Panel Installation completion, any determination of repair or replacement of ACM Panel System-specific components is at the discretion of the Architect. Such repair or replacement shall become the responsibility of the General Contractor.
 - a. At the discretion of the Architect, repair damaged ACM Panel System components such that repairs are not discernible at a distance of 10 feet from the surface at a 90° angle per AAMA 2605.
5. Removal and replacement of ACM Panel System-specific components damaged by other trades shall be the responsibility of the General Contractor.
6. If required after Panel Installation, any additional protection of the ACM Panel System shall be the responsibility of the General Contractor.
7. Remove from project site damaged ACM Panel System-specific components, protective masking, and other debris attributable to work of this section.

B. Cleaning:

1. Final Cleaning shall not be part of the work of this section.
2. Cleaning and Maintenance of the ACM Panel System shall be in accordance with AAMA 609 & 610.

END OF SECTION

07 42 43 METAL WINDOW PANELS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 - Scope

1. The Panels required are as manufactured by Mapes Architectural Panels, LLC, Lincoln, NE. Panels consist of metal skins laminated to stabilizer substrates with an insulating core material. Panels are designed to be glazed into a window system or curtain wall system.

1.02 - Quality Assurance

1. Panel manufacturer shall have a minimum of 25 years experience.
2. Field measurements shall be taken prior to completion of manufacturing and cutting.
3. Maximum deviation from vertical and horizontal alignment of installed panels is 1/8" (3mm) in 20' (6m) non-commutative.

1.03 - References

1. American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM)
 - A. E330-84: Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls and Doors under the influence of wind loads.
 - B. D1781-76: Climbing Drum Peel Test for Adhesives.
 - C. D3363-74: Method for Film Hardness by Pencil Test.
 - D. D2794-90: Resistance of Organic Coatings to the Effects of Rapid Deformation (Impact)
 - E. D3359-90: Method for Measuring Adhesion by the tape test.

1.04 - Substitutions

1. The materials and products specified in this section establish a minimum standard of required function, design, appearance quality and warranty to be met by any proposed substitution.
2. No substitutions will be considered unless a written request for approval has been submitted by the bidder and received by the architect 10 days prior to the bid date.

1.05 - Submittals

1. Submittals shall be in conformance with section 01 33 00. Included section number of Division and refer to CSI Division I, Section 1340 - Shop Drawings, Product Data and Samples.
2. Samples:
 - A. Panel makeup - 2 samples - 10"x10"
 - B. Two samples of each color and finish texture - 3"x5"
3. Submission Drawings: Indicate thickness, dimension and components of parts. Detail glazing methods, framing and tolerances to accommodate thermal movement.
4. Affidavit certifying materials meet all requirements as specified.
5. 2 copies of manufacturers standard literature for specified material.

1.06 - Delivery, Storage and Handling

1. Protect finish and edge in accordance with panel manufacturer's recommendations.
2. Store materials in accordance with panel manufacturer's recommendations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 - Panels - Laminated

1. Laminated metal faced Mapes-R+ (5-Ply) panels as manufactured by Mapes Industries, Inc.
2. Acceptable alternatives: Panels having similar composite construction and finish providing manufacturer has a minimum of 25 years panel laminating experience and comparable published warranties.

2.02 - Finish

1. Finishes
 - A. Exterior: - Bronze Anodized Class 1
 - B. Interior: - Bronze Anodized Class 1
2. Color as selected by architect.

2.03 - Panel Fabrication

1. Exterior Substrate: Solid Plastic (SPS)
2. Exterior Core: Isocyanurate
3. Smooth Mill Aluminum
4. Secondary Exterior Substrate: Solid Plastic (SPS)
5. Interior Core: Isocyanurate
6. Interior Substrate: Tempered Hardboard
7. Tolerances - .8% of panels dimension length and width - (+/-) 1/16" thickness
8. Overall Panel Thickness - "
9. Glazing Leg Thickness - "
10. R-Value - 9.03
11. U-Value - 0.11

2.04 - Accessories

1. Recommended for use as an infill panel component in window and curtain wall systems. Related material to complete installation as recommended by the manufacturer.
2. Seals against moisture intrusion as recommended by the manufacturer. Polyurethane and silicone based sealant with a 20 year life are recommended.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 - Installation

1. Panel surfaces shall be free from defects prior to installation.

3.02 - Execution

1. Erect panels plumb, level and true.
2. Glaze panels securely and in accordance with approved shop drawings and manufacturers instructions to allow for necessary thermal movement and structural support.
3. Do not install panels that are observed to be defective including warped, bowed, dented, scratched and delaminating components.
4. Weatherseal all joints as required using methods and materials as previously specified.
5. Separate dissimilar metals using gasketed fasteners and blocking to eliminate the possibility of electrolytic reaction.

3.03 - Adjusting and Cleaning

1. Remove masking film as soon as possible after installation. Masking intentionally left in place after panel installation will be the responsibility of the contractor.
2. Weep holes and drainage channels must be unobstructed and free from dirt and sealant.

SECTION 08 41 23 - FIRE RATED ALUMINUM FRAMED ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
1. Fire rated glazing and framing systems for installation as sidelights, borrowed lights, windows, and transoms or wall sections in interior openings
- B. Related Sections:
- 1 Section 07 62 00 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" Flashing between this work and other work
 - 2 Section 07 84 00 "Firestopping:" Firestops between work of this section and other fire resistive assemblies.
 - 3 Section 07 92 00 – "Joint Sealants" for installation of joint sealants installed with steel fire-rated glazed curtain-wall systems and for sealants to the extent not specified in this Section.
 - 4 Section 08 43 13 – "Aluminum Entrance and Storefronts" for entrance [and storefront] systems installed with steel fire-rated glazed curtain-wall systems
 - 5 Section 08 71 00 "Door Hardware:" Door hardware other than that provided by the work of this section

1.2 REFERENCES

- A. American Architectural Manufacturers Association (AAMA)
1. AAMA 2603-2002 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Pigmented Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels.
 2. AAMA 2604 -2005 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for High Performance Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels.
 3. AAMA 2605 -2005 Voluntary Specification, Performance Requirements and Test Procedures for Superior Performing Organic Coatings on Aluminum Extrusions and Panels.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
1. Fire safety related:
 - a. ASTM E119: Methods for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials.
 2. Material related
 - a. ASTM A 1008/A 1008M - Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength, Low Alloy, and High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Solution Hardened, and Bake Hardenable; 2007.
 - b. ASTM A 1011/A 1011M - Standard Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy and High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, and Ultra-High Strength; 2006b.
 3. Exterior-related:
 - a. ASTM E 283-04: Test Method for Determining the Rate of Air Leakage through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors under Specified Pressure Differences across the Specimen
 - b. ASTM E 330-02: Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference Procedure A
 - c. ASTM E 331-04: Test Method for Water Penetration of Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference
 - d. ASTM E 783-02: Test Method for Field Measurement of Air Leakage through Installed Exterior Windows and Doors

- e. ASTM E 1105-00: Test Method for Field Determination of Water Penetration of Installed Exterior Windows, Skylights, Doors, and Curtain Walls by Uniform or Cyclic Static Air Pressure Difference
- C. American Welding Society (AWS)
 - 1. AWS D1.3 - Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel; 2007
- D. Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association, Inc.
 - 1. BHMA A156 - American National Standards for door hardware; 2006 (ANSI/BHMA A156).
- E. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
 - 1. NFPA 80: Fire Doors and Windows.
 - 2. NFPA 251: Fire Tests of Building Construction & Materials
 - 3. NFPA 252: Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
 - 4. NFPA 257: Fire Test of Window Assemblies
- F. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
 - 1. UL 9: Fire Tests of Window Assemblies.
 - 2. UL 10 B: Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
 - 3. UL 10 C: Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Window & Door Assemblies
 - 4. UL 263: Fire tests of Building Construction and Materials
 - 5. UL-752 Ratings of Bullet-Resistant Materials
- G. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
 - 1. ANSI Z97.1: Standard for Safety Glazing Materials Used in Buildings
- H. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC):
 - 1. CPSC 16 CFR 1201: Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials
- I. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE)
 - 1. ASCE 7 – Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures; 2005

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Manufacturer: A firm that produces primary glass, fabricated glass or framing as defined in referenced glazing publications.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 00
- B. Product Data:
 - 1. Technical Information: Submit latest edition of manufacturer’s product data providing product descriptions, technical data, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. listings and installation instructions.
- C. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Include plans, elevations and details of product showing component dimensions; framing opening requirements, dimensions, tolerances, and attachment to structure
- D. Glazing Schedule: Use same designations indicated on drawings for glazed openings in preparing a schedule listing glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location.
- E. Warranties: Submit manufacturer’s warranty.

- F. Certificates of compliance from glass and glazing materials manufacturers attesting that glass and glazing materials furnished for project comply with requirements.
 - 1. Separate certification will not be required for glazing materials bearing manufacturer's permanent label designating type and thickness of glass, provided labels represent a quality control program involving a recognized certification agency or independent testing laboratory acceptable to authority having jurisdiction

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualifications according to
 - 1. International Accreditation Service for a Type A Third-Party Inspection Body (Field Services ICC-ES Third-Party Inspections Standard Operating Procedures, 00-BL-S0400 and S0401)
 - 2. International Accreditation Service for Testing Body-Building Materials and Systems
 - a. Fire Testing
 - 1) ASTM Standards E 119
 - 2) CPSC Standards 16 CFR 1201
 - 3) NFPA Standards 251, 252, 257
 - 4) UL Standards 9, 10B, 10C, 1784, UL Subject 63
 - 5) BS 476; Part 22: 1987
 - 6) EN 1634-1
 - 7) CAN Standards S 101, S 104, S 106
- B. Fire-Rated Window Assemblies: Assemblies complying with NFPA 80 that are classified and labeled by UL, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing according to NFPA 257 and UL 9.
- C. Fire-Rated Wall Assemblies: Assemblies complying with ASTM E119 that are classified and labeled by UL, for fire ratings indicated, based on testing in accordance with UL 263, ASTM E119.
- D. Listings and Labels - Fire Rated Assemblies: Under current follow-up service by Underwriters Laboratories® maintaining a current listing or certification. Label assemblies accordance with limits of manufacturer's listing.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, store and handle under provisions specified by manufacturer.

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Obtain field measurements prior to fabrication of frame units. If field measurements will not be available in a timely manner coordinate planned measurements with the work of other sections.
 - 1. Note whether field or planned dimensions were used in the creation of the shop drawings.
- B. Coordinate the work of this section with others effected including but not limited to: other interior and/or exterior envelope components and door hardware beyond that provided by this section.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Provide the Pilkington Pyrostop® and Fireframes® standard five-year manufacturer warranty.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturer Glazing Material: “Pilkington Pyrostop®” fire-rated glazing as manufactured by the Pilkington Group and distributed by Technical Glass Products, 8107 Bracken Place SE, Snoqualmie, WA 98065 phone (800.426.0279) fax (425.396.8300) e-mail sales@fireglass.com, web site <http://www.fireglass.com>
- B. Frame System: “Fireframes® Aluminum Series” fire-rated frame system as manufactured and supplied by Technical Glass Products, 8107 Bracken Place SE, Snoqualmie, WA 98065 phone (800.426.0279) fax (425.396.8300) e-mail sales@fireglass.com web site <http://www.fireglass.com>
- C. Substitutions: Substitutions for Glazing Material and Frame System allowed.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. System Description:
 - 1. Steel fire-rated glazed wall and/or window system, dual aluminum cover cap format
 - a. Face widths available:
 - 1) 2”
 - 2) Custom extruded aluminum cover caps
 - 3) Custom stainless steel cover caps
 - b. Duration – Walls: Capable of providing a fire rating for 60 minutes.
- B. Structural Performance
 - 1. Design and size the system to withstand structural forces placed upon it without damage or permanent set when tested in accordance with ASTM E330 using load 1.5 times the design wind loads and of 10 seconds in duration.
 - 2. Member deflection: Limit deflection of the edge of the glass normal to the plane of the glass to flexure limit of glass.
 - 3. Accommodate movement between storefront and adjoining systems
- C. Air Infiltration: ASTM E 283; Air infiltration rate shall not exceed 0.06 cfm/ft² at a static air pressure differential of 6.24 psf.
- D. Water Resistance, (static): ASTM E 331; No leakage at a static air pressure differential of 15 psf as defined in AAMA 501.

2.3

MATERIALS - GLASS

- A. Low-E Coated glass for use in insulated exterior units See Section 08 80 00
- B. Fire Rated Glazing: Composed of multiple sheets of Pilkington Optiwhite™ high visible light transmission glass laminated with an intumescent interlayer.
- C. Impact Safety Resistance: ANSI Z97.1 and CPSC 16CFR1201(Cat. I and II).

D. Properties Interior Glazing

Fire-Rating	45 minute	60 minute		120 minute
Manufacturer's designation	45-200	60-101	60-201	120-106
Glazing type	single	single	single	IGU
Nominal Thickness	3/4" (19mm)	7/8" (23mm)	1-1/16" (27mm)	2-1/4" (57mm)
Weight in lbs/sf	9.2	10.85	12.5	22.9
Daylight Transmission	86	87%	86%	75%
Sound Transmission Coefficient	40dB	41dB	44dB	46dB

E. Properties Exterior Glazing

Fire-Rating	45 minute		60 minute		120 minute
Manufacturer's designation	45-200	45-260 45-360	60-201	60-261 60-361*	120-262 120-362*
Glazing type	single	IGU	single	IGU	IGU
Nominal Thickness	3/4" (19mm)	1-5/16" (33mm)	1-1/16" (27mm)	1-5/8" (41mm)	2-3/8" (60mm) [with 14 mm spacer, or 2-1/8" (54 mm) with 8 mm spacer]
Weight in lbs/sf	9.2	12.5	12.5	15.8	22.1
Daylight Transmission	86	77 59-71	86%	77% 59-70%	74% 33-68%
Sound Transmission Coefficient	40dB	40dB	44dB	44dB	46dB

* Low-E product.

F. Exterior Grade: PVB inner layer installed toward exterior.

G. Logo: Each piece of fire-rated glazing shall be labeled with a permanent logo including name of product, manufacture, testing laboratory (UL), fire rating period, safety glazing standards, and date of manufacture.

H. Glazing Accessories: Manufacturer's standard compression gaskets, standoff, spacers, setting blocks and other accessories necessary for a complete installation.

2.4 MATERIALS –ALUMINUM FRAMES

A. Aluminum Framing System 60 min.

1. Steel Frame — The steel framing members are made of two halves, nom. 1.9 in. wide (48.3 mm) with a nom. minimum depth of 1.38 in. (35 mm) with lengths cut according to glazing size.
2. Aluminum Trim — Supplied with the steel framing members. Nom. 2 in. (50.8 mm) wide with a nom. depth of 1.54 in. (39 mm) with lengths cut according to glazing size.
3. Stainless Steel Standoffs — Supplied with the steel framing members. Nom 5/16 in. (8 mm) diameter with a nom. minimum depth of 1 1/8 in. (28 mm) with depth adjusted to match Pilkington Pyrostop® Panel thickness.
4. Stainless Steel Moment and Connecting Braces: — Supplied with the steel framing members. Nom 3/8 in. (10 mm) thick with a nom. minimum depth of 1 1/8 in. (28 mm) with depth adjusted to match Pilkington Pyrostop® Panel thickness.

5. Framing Member Fasteners — Supplied with the steel framing members. Screws are M6 x16mm Button Head Socket Cap Screws for frame assembly and #6 x 1” Pan Head Sheet Metal Screws for door installation.
 6. Glazing Gasket —
 - a. Interior Gasketing-Supplied with the steel framing members. Nom. 3/4 in. (19 mm) x 3/16 (4.5 mm) black applied to the steel framing members to cushion and seal the glazing material when installed.
- B. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.
1. Extruded Bars, Rods, Shapes, and Tubes: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M).
- C. Steel Reinforcement: With manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant primer complying with SSPC-PS Guide No. 12.00 applied immediately after surface preparation and pretreatment. Select surface preparation methods according to recommendations in SSPC-SP COM and prepare surfaces according to applicable SSPC standard.
1. Structural Shapes, Plates, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
 2. Cold-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 611.
 3. Hot-Rolled Sheet and Strip: ASTM A 570/A 570M.
- D. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.
1. Where fasteners are subject to loosening or turn out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration, use self-locking devices.
 2. Reinforce members as required to receive fastener threads.

2.5 ACCESSORIES

- A. Fasteners: Use fasteners fabricated from Type 304 or Type 316 stainless steel.
- B. Glazing Gaskets:
1. Glazing gaskets for interior or exterior applications: ASTM C 864 (extruded EPDM rubber that provides for silicone adhesion) or ASTM C1115 Standard Specification for Dense Elastomeric Silicone Rubber Gaskets and Accessories (extruded silicone).
- C. Intumescent Tape: As supplied by frame manufacturer.
- D. Setting Blocks: ¼” Calcium silicate.
- E. Perimeter Anchors: Steel.
- F. Flashings: As recommended by manufacturer; same material and finish as cover caps.
- G. Silicone Sealant: One-Part Low Modulus, neutral cure High Movement-Capable Sealant: Type S; Grade NS; Class 25 with additional movement capability of 100 percent in extension and 50 percent in compression (total 150 percent); Use (Exposure) NT; Uses (Substrates) M, G, A, and O as applicable. (Use-O joint substrates include: Metal factory-coated with a high-performance coating; galvanized steel; ceramic tile.)
1. Available Products:
 - a. Dow Corning 790, 795 - Dow Corning Corp.
 - b. Momentive
 - c. Tremco

- H. Intumescent Caulk: Single component, latex-based, intumescent caulk designed to stop passage of fire, smoke, and fumes through fire-rated separations; permanently flexible after cure; will not support mold growth; flame spread/smoke developed 10/10.
 - 1. Available Products:
 - a. 3M CP-25 WP+

2.6 SLAG-WOOL-FIBER/ROCK-WOOL-FIBER INSULATION

- A. Available Manufacturers:
 - 1. Fibrex Insulations Inc.
 - 2. Owens Corning
 - 3. Thermafiber.
 - 4. Rockwool
- B. Unfaced, Slag-Wool-Fiber/Rock-Wool-Fiber Board Insulation: ASTM C 612, maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 15 and 0, respectively; passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics; and of the following nominal density and thermal resistivity:
 - 1. Nominal density of 4 lb/cu. ft. (64 kg/cu. m), Types IA and IB, thermal resistivity of 4 deg F x h x sq. ft./Btu x in. at 75 deg F (27.7 K x m/W at 24 deg C).
 - 2. Fiber Color: Regular color, unless otherwise indicated.

2.7 FABRICATION

- A. Obtain reviewed shop drawings prior to fabrication.
- B. Fabrication Dimensions: Fabricate fire-rated assembly to field dimensions.
- C. Factory prepared, fire-rated steel door assemblies by TGP to be prehung, prefinished with hardware preinstalled for field mounting.
- D. Field glaze door and frame assemblies.

2.8 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish frames after assembly.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable.

0.9 POWDERCOAT FINISHES

- A. Finish after fabrication.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable.
- C. Aluminum Finishes
 - 1. Finish designations prefixed by AA comply with the system established by the Aluminum Association for designating aluminum finishes.

2. Class I, Color Anodic Finish: AA-M12C22A42/A44 (Mechanical Finish: nonspecular as fabricated; Chemical Finish: etched, medium matte; Anodic Coating: Architectural Class I, integrally colored or electrolytically deposited color coating 0.018 mm or thicker) complying with AAMA 611.
3. Color: Dark bronze.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Site Verification of Conditions: Verify substrate conditions (which have been previously installed under other sections) are acceptable for product installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Verify openings are sized to receive curtain wall system and sill plate is level in accordance with manufacturer's acceptable tolerances.
- B. Notify Architect of any conditions which jeopardize the integrity of the proposed fire wall / door system.
- C. Do not proceed until such conditions are corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. See Fireframes Aluminum Series Installation Manual

3.3 REPAIR AND TOUCH UP

- A. Anodized Finishes
 1. Protect the anodized finish from harsh chemicals such as concrete/mortar or muriatic acid/brick wash. If reasonable care is taken during handling and high and low pH chemicals can be avoided, repair and/or touch-up of an anodize finish will not be needed.
 2. Some rub marks on an anodized surface can be removed with a mild abrasive pad such as a Scotch-Brite pad prior to touch up painting.
 3. Touch-up paint should be used even more sparingly over anodize. Only the visible raw aluminum in the scratch or gouge should be touched up with a matching paint.
- B. Remove and replace glass that is broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged.

3.4 PROTECTION AND CLEANING

- A. Protect glass from damage immediately after installation by attaching crossed streamers to framing held away from glass. Do not apply markers to glass surface. Remove nonpermanent labels, and clean surfaces.
 1. Do not clean with astringent cleaners. Use a clean "grit free" cloth and a small amount of mild soap and water or mild detergent.
 2. Do not use any of the following:
 - a. Steam jets
 - b. Abrasives
 - c. Strong acidic or alkaline detergents, or surface-reactive agents
 - d. Detergents not recommended in writing by the manufacturer
 - e. Do not use any detergent above 77 degrees F
 - f. Organic solvents including but not limited to those containing ester, ketones, alcohols, aromatic compounds, glycol ether, or halogenated hydrocarbons.

- g. Metal or hard parts of cleaning equipment must not touch the glass surface
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations, including weld splatter. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove them immediately as recommended by glass manufacturer.
- C. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces in each area of Project not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended by glass manufacturer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 10 14 00
SIGNAGE

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Room and door signs.
- B. Cast Dimensional Characters.

1.02 SUMMARY

- A. Section 01 02 00 – **Allowances – All signage to be supplied and installed under Signage Allowance. See Section 01020**
- B. Section 22 05 53 – Identification for Plumbing Piping and Equipment.
- C. Section 26 05 53 – Identification for Electrical Systems.

1.03 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. 36 CFR 1191 – Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities; Final Rule; (ADA Standards for Accessible Design).
- B. ANSI/ICC A117.1 – American National Standard for Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities; International Code Council.

1.04 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 – Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
- B. Product Data: Manufacturer’s printed product literature for each type of sign, indicating sign styles, font, foreground and background colors, locations, overall dimensions of each sign.
- C. Samples: Submit two samples of each type of sign, of size similar to that required for project, illustrating sign style, font and method of attachment.

1.05. QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years of documented experience.

1.06 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Package signs as required to prevent damage before installation.
- B. Package room and door signs in sequential order of installation, labeled by floor or building.
- C. Store tape adhesive at normal room temperature.

1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not install tape adhesive when ambient temperature is lower than recommended

SECTION 10 14 00
SIGNAGE

by Manufacturer.

- B. Maintain this minimum temperature during and after installation of signs.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS: SIGNS TO BE BASED ON SIGNS BY INTELLIGENT SIGNAGE, INC. 4006 COLERIDGE ROAD, WILMINGTON, DELAWARE 19802

A. Flat Signs:

1. Intelligent Signage, Inc.: 302-762-4100 www.intelligentsignage.net
2. Gemini, Inc.
3. Seton Identification Products: www.seton.com/aec.

B. Dimensional Letters:

1. Gemini, Inc. www.Geminisignproducts.com

2.02 SIGNAGE APPLICATIONS

A. Room and Door Signs: Provide a sign for every doorway, whether it has a door or not, not including corridors, lobbies and similar open areas.

1. Sign Type: Flat signs with printed panel media is specified.
2. Provide "tactile" signage, with letters raised minimum 1/32 inch and Grade II Braille.
3. Character Height: 1 inch
4. Sign Size: 6 x 6, unless otherwise indicated.
5. Office Doors: Identify with room numbers to be determined later, not the numbers shown on the drawings; in addition, provide "window" section for replaceable occupant name.
6. Conference and Meeting Rooms: Identify with room numbers to be determined later, not the numbers shown on the drawings; in addition, provide "window" section with sliding "In Use/Vacant" indicator.
7. Service Rooms: Identify with room names and numbers to be determined later, not those shown on the drawings.
8. Rest Rooms: Identify with pictograms, the names "MEN" and "WOMEN", room numbers to be determined later, and Braille.

2.03 SIGN TYPES

A. Flat Signs: Signage media without frame.

1. Edges: Square
2. Corners: Square
3. Wall Mounting of One-Sided Signs: Tape Adhesive

SECTION 10 14 00
SIGNAGE

B. Color and Font: Unless otherwise indicated:

1. Character Font: To match existing
2. Character Case: Upper case only
3. Background Color: Clear or as directed by Architect
4. Character Color: Contrasting color to comply with ADA requirements.

2.04 TACTILE SIGNAGE MEDIA

A. Acrylic panels: Printed tactile plastic signs using 3D printer technology. Provide 70% contrast ratio per ADA requirements. Tactile ADA compliant signs formed as a single printed surface with contrasting colors. Letters and Braille to be raised 1/32 inch.

1. Total Thickness: 1/8 inch minimum

2.05 EXTERIOR SIGNAGE

A. Dimensional Characters

1. Font – As directed by Architect
2. Finish – As directed by Architect
3. Flush Pin mounting unless otherwise directed by Architect.

2.06 ACCESSORIES

- A. Concealed Screws: Stainless steel, galvanized steel, chrome plated or other non-corroding Metal.
- B. Tape Adhesive: Double sided tape, permanent adhesive.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that substrate surfaces are ready to receive work.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Install neatly, with horizontal edges level.
- C. Locate signs where indicated:
1. Room and Door Signs: Locate on wall at latch side of door with top of sign at 60 inches above finished floor.
 2. If no location is indicated obtain Owner's instructions.
- D. Protect from damage until Substantial Completion; repair or replace damage items.
- E. When flat sign must be glass mounted, provide blank sign for other side of glass to cover tape adhesive.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 56 00
EXTERIOR LIGHTING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Exterior luminaires.
- B. Poles and accessories.
- C. Luminaire accessories.

1.02 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 26 05 26 - Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems.
- B. Section 26 05 37 - Boxes.
- C. Section 26 09 19 - Enclosed Contactors: Lighting contactors.
- D. Section 26 27 26 - Wiring Devices: Receptacles for installation in poles.
- E. Section 26 51 00 - Interior Lighting.

1.03 UNIT PRICES

- A. See Section 01 22 00 - Unit Prices, for additional unit price requirements.
- B. Exterior Lighting Unit:
 - 1. Basis of Measurement: Each.
 - 2. Basis of Payment: Includes concrete foundation, pole, and luminaire(s) with lamps and accessories.

1.04 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. AASHTO LTS - Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires and Traffic Signals; American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials.
- B. IEEE C2 - National Electrical Safety Code.
- C. IES LM-79 - Approved Method: Electrical and Photometric Measurements of Solid-State Lighting Products.
- D. IES LM-80 - Approved Method: Measuring Luminous Flux and Color Maintenance of LED Packages, Arrays, and Modules.
- E. NECA 1 - Standard for Good Workmanship in Electrical Construction.
- F. NECA/IESNA 501 - Standard for Installing Exterior Lighting Systems.
- G. NEMA LE 4 - Recessed Luminaires, Ceiling Compatibility.
- H. NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code.
- I. UL 1598 - Luminaires.
- J. UL 8750 - Light Emitting Diode (LED) Equipment for Use in Lighting Products.

1.05 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Coordination:
 - 1. Coordinate placement of poles and associated foundations with utilities, curbs, sidewalks, trees, walls, fences, striping, etc. installed under other sections or by others. Coordinate elevation to obtain specified foundation height.
 - 2. Notify Architect of any conflicts or deviations from the contract documents to obtain direction prior to proceeding with work.

1.06 SUBMITTALS

- A. See Section 01 30 00 - Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.

- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Indicate dimensions and components for each luminaire that is not a standard product of the manufacturer.
 - 2. Provide photometric calculations where luminaires are proposed for substitution upon request.
- C. Product Data: Provide manufacturer's standard catalog pages and data sheets including detailed information on luminaire construction, dimensions, ratings, finishes, mounting requirements, listings, service conditions, photometric performance, weight, effective projected area (EPA), and installed accessories; include model number nomenclature clearly marked with all proposed features.
 - 1. LED Luminaires:
 - a. Include estimated useful life, calculated based on IES LM-80 test data.
 - 2. Poles: Include information on maximum supported effective projected area (EPA) and weight for the design wind speed.
- D. Certificates for Poles and Accessories: Manufacturer's documentation that products are suitable for the luminaires to be installed and comply with designated structural design criteria.
- E. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Indicate application conditions and limitations of use stipulated by product testing agency. Include instructions for storage, handling, protection, examination, preparation, installation, and starting of product.
- F. Operation and Maintenance Data: Instructions for each product including information on replacement parts.
- G. Project Record Documents: Record actual connections and locations of pole foundations, luminaires, and any pull or junction boxes.

1.07 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Conform to requirements of NFPA 70.
- B. Maintain at the project site a copy of each referenced document that prescribes execution requirements.
- C. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- D. Product Listing Organization Qualifications: An organization recognized by OSHA as a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) and acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.

1.08 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Receive, handle, and store products according to NECA/IESNA 501 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Keep products in original manufacturer's packaging and protect from damage until ready for installation.

1.09 WARRANTY

- A. See Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 LUMINAIRE TYPES

- A. Furnish products as indicated in luminaire schedule included on the drawings.

2.02 LUMINAIRES

- A. Manufacturers:
 - 1. Acuity Brands, Inc: www.acuitybrands.com/#sle.

2. Hubbell Lighting, Inc: www.hubbellighting.com/#sle.
 3. Philips Lighting North America Corporation; www.lightingproducts.philips.com/#sle.
- B. Provide products that comply with requirements of NFPA 70.
- C. Provide products that are listed and labeled as complying with UL 1598, where applicable.
- D. Provide products listed, classified, and labeled as suitable for the purpose intended.
- E. Unless otherwise indicated, provide complete luminaires including lamp(s) and all sockets, ballasts, reflectors, lenses, housings and other components required to position, energize and protect the lamp and distribute the light.
- F. Unless specifically indicated to be excluded, provide all required conduit, boxes, wiring, connectors, hardware, poles, foundations, supports, trims, accessories, etc. as necessary for a complete operating system.
- G. Provide products suitable to withstand normal handling, installation, and service without any damage, distortion, corrosion, fading, discoloring, etc.
- H. Provide luminaires listed and labeled as suitable for wet locations unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Recessed Luminaires:
1. Ceiling Compatibility: Comply with NEMA LE 4.
 2. Luminaires Recessed in Insulated Ceilings: Listed and labeled as IC-rated, suitable for direct contact with insulation and combustible materials.
 3. Luminaires Recessed in Sloped Ceilings: Provide suitable sloped ceiling adapters.
- J. LED Luminaires:
1. Components: UL 8750 recognized or listed as applicable.
 2. Tested in accordance with IES LM-79 and IES LM-80.
 3. LED Estimated Useful Life: Minimum of 50,000 hours at 70 percent lumen maintenance, calculated based on IES LM-80 test data.

2.03 POLES

- A. Manufacturers:
1. Acuity Brands, Inc: www.acuitybrands.com/#sle.
 2. Hubbell Lighting, Inc: www.hubbellighting.com/#sle.
 3. Philips Lighting North America Corporation; www.lightingproducts.philips.com/#sle.
- B. All Poles:
1. Provide poles and associated support components suitable for the luminaire(s) and associated supports and accessories to be installed.
 2. Structural Design Criteria:
 - a. Comply with AASHTO LTS.
 - b. Wind Load: Include effective projected area (EPA) of luminaire(s) and associated supports and accessories to be installed.
 - 1) Design Wind Speed: 110 miles per hour, with gust factor of 1.3.
 - c. Dead Load: Include weight of proposed luminaire(s) and associated supports and accessories.
 - d. Include structural calculations demonstrating compliance with submittals.
 3. Material: Steel, unless otherwise indicated.
 4. Shape: Square straight, unless otherwise indicated.
 5. Finish: Match luminaire finish, unless otherwise indicated.
 6. Mounting: Install on concrete foundation, height as indicated on the drawings, unless otherwise indicated.
 7. Unless otherwise indicated, provide with the following features/accessories:
 - a. Top cap.
 - b. Handhole.

- c. Anchor bolts with leveling nuts or leveling shims.
- d. Anchor base cover.
- e. Brackets.

C. Metal Poles: Provide ground lug, accessible from handhole or transformer base.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that field measurements are as indicated.
- B. Verify that outlet boxes are installed in proper locations and at proper mounting heights and are properly sized to accommodate conductors in accordance with NFPA 70.
- C. Verify that suitable support frames are installed where required.
- D. Verify that branch circuit wiring installation is completed, tested, and ready for connection to luminaires.
- E. Verify that conditions are satisfactory for installation prior to starting work.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Provide extension rings to bring outlet boxes flush with finished surface.
- B. Clean dirt, debris, plaster, and other foreign materials from outlet boxes.

3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate locations of outlet boxes provided under Section 26 05 37 as required for installation of luminaires provided under this section.
- B. Perform work in accordance with NECA 1 (general workmanship).
- C. Install products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- D. Install luminaires in accordance with NECA/IESNA 501.
- E. Install luminaires plumb and square and aligned with building lines and with adjacent luminaires.
- F. Pole-Mounted Luminaires:
 - 1. Maintain the following minimum clearances:
 - a. Comply with IEEE C2.
 - b. Comply with utility company requirements.
 - 2. Foundation-Mounted Poles:
 - a. Install foundations plumb.
 - b. Install poles plumb, using leveling nuts or shims as required to adjust to plumb.
 - c. Tighten anchor bolt nuts to manufacturer's recommended torque.
 - d. Install non-shrink grout between pole anchor base and concrete foundation, leaving small channel for condensation drainage.
 - e. Install anchor base covers or anchor bolt covers as indicated.
 - 3. Grounding:
 - a. Bond luminaires, metal accessories, metal poles, and foundation reinforcement to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor.
 - 4. Install separate service conductors, 12 AWG copper, from each luminaire down to handhole for connection to branch circuit conductors.
- G. Install accessories furnished with each luminaire.
- H. Bond products and metal accessories to branch circuit equipment grounding conductor.
- I. Install lamps in each luminaire.

3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. See Section 01 40 00 - Quality Requirements, for additional requirements.

- B. Inspect each product for damage and defects.
- C. Operate each luminaire after installation and connection to verify proper operation.
- D. Correct wiring deficiencies and repair or replace damaged or defective products. Repair or replace excessively noisy ballasts as determined by Architect.

3.05 ADJUSTING

- A. Aim and position adjustable luminaires to achieve desired illumination as indicated or as directed by Architect. Secure locking fittings in place.
- B. Luminaires with Field-Rotatable Optics: Position optics according to manufacturer's instructions to achieve lighting distribution as indicated or as directed by Architect.

3.06 CLEANING

- A. Clean surfaces according to NECA/IESNA 501 and manufacturer's instructions to remove dirt, fingerprints, paint, or other foreign material and restore finishes to match original factory finish.

3.07 CLOSEOUT ACTIVITIES

- A. See Section 01 78 00 - Closeout Submittals, for closeout submittals.
- B. Demonstration: Demonstrate proper operation of luminaires to Architect, and correct deficiencies or make adjustments as directed.
- C. Just prior to Substantial Completion, replace all lamps that have failed.

3.08 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed luminaires from subsequent construction operations.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 311000 - SITE CLEARING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:

1. Protecting existing trees, shrubs, plants and grass to remain.
2. Protecting existing trees and other vegetation.
3. Clearing and grubbing.
4. Stripping and stockpiling topsoil.
5. Stripping and stockpiling rock.
6. Removing above- and below-grade site improvements.
7. Disconnecting, capping or sealing, and removing site utilities.
8. Temporary erosion and sedimentation control.

- B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures.
2. Section 312000 Section "Earth Moving" for soil materials, excavating, backfilling, and site grading.
3. Section 329200 Section "Turf and Grasses" for finish grading including preparing and placing planting soil mixes and testing of topsoil material.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Subsoil: Soil beneath the level of subgrade; soil beneath the topsoil layers of a naturally occurring soil profile, typified by less than 1 percent organic matter and few soil organisms.
- B. Surface Soil: Soil that is present at the top layer of the existing soil profile. In undisturbed areas, surface soil is typically called "topsoil," but in disturbed areas such as urban environments, the surface soil can be subsoil.
- C. Topsoil: Top layer of the soil profile consisting of existing native surface topsoil or existing in-place surface soil; the zone where plant roots grow.
- D. Topsoil: Natural or cultivated surface-soil layer containing organic matter and sand silt, and clay particles; friable, previous, and black or darker shade of brown gray, or red than underlying

subsoil; reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, gravel, and other objects more than 2 inches in diameter; and free of subsoil, weeds, roots, toxic materials, or other nonsoil materials.

- E. Plant-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees, groups of trees, shrubs, or other vegetation to be protected during construction and indicated on Drawings.
- F. Tree-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees or groups of trees to be protected during construction and defined by the drip line of individual trees or the perimeter drip line of groups of trees, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Vegetation: Trees, shrubs, groundcovers, grass, and other plants.

1.4 MATERIAL OWNERSHIP

- A. Except for stripped topsoil or other materials indicated to remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Existing Conditions: Documentation of existing trees and plantings, adjoining construction, and site improvements that establishes preconstruction conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by site clearing.
 - 1. Use sufficiently detailed photographs or video recordings.
 - 2. Include plans and notations to indicate specific wounds and damage conditions of each tree or other plant designated to remain.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management Coordination"

1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
 - 1. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed trafficways if required by Owner or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Salvageable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises as indicated per Owner and/or Construction Manager.
- C. Utility Locator Service: Notify utility locator service for area where Project is located before site clearing.

- D. Do not commence site clearing operations until temporary erosion and sedimentation-control measures are in place and have been properly approved by the local sediment and erosion control agency.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Satisfactory Soil Material: Requirements for satisfactory soil material are specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
 - 1. Obtain approved borrow soil material off-site when satisfactory soil material is not available on-site.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.
- B. Verify that trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to remain or to be relocated have been flagged and that protection zones have been identified and enclosed according to requirements in Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection."
- C. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction.
 - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

3.2 TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Provide temporary erosion and sedimentation-control measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways, according to approved Sediment and Erosion Control Drawings.
- B. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross protection zones.
- C. Inspect, maintain, and repair erosion and sedimentation-control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.
- D. Remove erosion and sedimentation controls, restore and stabilize areas disturbed during removal.

3.3 TREE AND PLANT PROTECTION

- A. Erect and maintain temporary fencing around tree protection zones before starting site clearing. Remove fence when construction is complete.
 - 1. Do not store construction materials, debris or excavated material within fenced area.
 - 2. Do not permit vehicles, equipment, or foot traffic within fenced area.
 - 3. Maintain fenced area free of weeds and trash.
- B. Do not excavate within tree protection zones, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Repair or replace trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or be relocated that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Landscape Architect.
 - 1. Employ an arborist, licensed in jurisdiction where Project is located, to submit details of proposed repairs and to repair damage to trees and shrubs.
 - 2. Replace trees that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by Architect.

3.4 EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. Construction Manager will arrange for disconnecting and sealing indicated utilities that serve existing structures before site clearing, when requested by Contractor.
 - 1. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before proceeding with site clearing.
- B. Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap utilities indicated to be removed or abandoned in place.
 - 1. Arrange with utility companies to shut off indicated utilities.
 - 2. Construction Manager will arrange to shut off indicated utilities when requested by Contractor.
- C. Interrupting Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others, unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Construction Manager and Owner not less than five days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
 - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Construction Manager's written permission.
- D. Excavate for and remove underground utilities indicated to be removed.
- E. Removal of underground utilities is included in earthwork sections; in applicable fire suppression, plumbing, HVAC, electrical, communications, electronic safety and security, and utilities sections; and in Section 024119 "Selective Demolition."

3.5 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Remove obstructions, trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to permit installation of new construction.
 - 1. Do not remove trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or to be relocated.
 - 2. Cut minor roots and branches of trees indicated to remain in a clean and careful manner where such roots and branches of trees indicated to remain in a clean and careful manner where such roots and branches obstruct installation of new construction.
 - 3. Grind down stumps and remove roots, obstructions, and debris extending to a depth of 18 inches below exposed subgrade.
 - 4. Use only hand methods for grubbing within tree protection zones.
 - 5. Chip removed tree branches and dispose of off-site.
- B. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.
 - 1. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding a loose depth of 8 inches, and compact each layer to a density equal to adjacent original ground.

3.6 TOPSOIL STRIPPING

- A. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.
- B. Strip topsoil to whatever depths are encountered in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.
 - 1. Remove subsoil and nonsoil materials from topsoil, including clay lumps, gravel, and other objects larger than 2 inches in diameter; trash, debris, weeds, roots, and other waste materials.
- C. Stockpile topsoil materials within approved stockpile locations away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil or other materials. Grade and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust and erosion by water.
 - 1. Do not stockpile topsoil within protection zones.
 - 2. Stockpile surplus topsoil to allow for respreading deeper topsoil.

3.7 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

- A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and necessary to facilitate new construction.
- B. Remove slabs, paving, curbs, gutters, and aggregate base as indicated.
 - 1. Unless existing full-depth joints coincide with line of demolition, neatly saw-cut along line of existing pavement to remain before removing adjacent existing pavement. Saw-cut faces vertically.

2. Paint cut ends of steel reinforcement in concrete to remain with two coats of antirust coating, following coating manufacturer's written instructions. Keep paint off surfaces that will remain exposed.

3.8 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

- A. Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- B. Separate recyclable materials produced during site clearing from other nonrecyclable materials. Store or stockpile without intermixing with other materials and transport them to recycling facilities. Do not interfere with other Project work.

END OF SECTION 311000

SECTION 321313 - CONCRETE PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes exterior cement concrete pavement for the following:
 - 1. Slab Patio.
 - 2. Walkways.
 - 3. Unit paver base.
 - 4. Logo Inlay.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 03 Section "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for general building applications of concrete.
 - 2. Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for subgrade preparation, grading, and subbase course.
 - 3. Division 32 Section "Concrete Paving Joint Sealants" for joint sealants of joints in concrete pavement and at isolation joints of concrete pavement with adjacent construction.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Cementitious Materials: Portland cement alone or in combination with one or more of blended hydraulic cement, fly ash and other pozzolans, and ground granulated blast-furnace slag.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of manufactured material and product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete pavement mixture. Include alternate mixture designs when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.
- C. Samples: 10-lb sample of exposed aggregate.
- D. Qualification Data: For manufacturer. Manufacturer of ready-mixed concrete products complying with ASTM C 94 requirements for production facilities and equipment.

- E. Material Test Reports: General contractor will engage a qualified testing agency for indicating and interpreting test results for compliance of the following with requirements indicated, based on comprehensive testing of current materials:
 - 1. Aggregates. Include service record data indicating absence of deleterious expansion of concrete due to alkali-aggregate reactivity.
- F. Material Certificates: Signed by manufacturers certifying that each of the following materials complies with requirements:
 - 1. Cementitious materials.
 - 2. Steel reinforcement and reinforcement accessories.
 - 3. Fiber reinforcement.
 - 4. Admixtures.
 - 5. Curing compounds.
 - 6. Applied finish materials.
 - 7. Bonding agent or epoxy adhesive.
 - 8. Joint fillers.
- G. Field quality-control test reports.
- H. For plazas and wide walkways, submit control joint spacing plan for review.
- I. Minutes of preinstallation conference.
- J. Final logo design to be inlaid into concrete.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Manufacturer of ready-mixed concrete products who complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
 - 1. Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- B. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent agency qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated, as documented according to ASTM E 548.
 - 1. Personnel conducting field tests shall be qualified as ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician, Grade 1, according to ACI CP-01 or an equivalent certification program.
- C. ACI Publications: Comply with ACI 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete," unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.
- D. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 01 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1. Before submitting design mixtures, review concrete pavement mixture design and examine procedures for ensuring quality of concrete materials and concrete pavement construction practices. Require representatives, including the following, of each entity directly concerned with concrete pavement, to attend conference:
 - a. Contractor's superintendent.
 - b. Independent testing agency responsible for concrete design mixtures.
 - c. Ready-mix concrete producer.
 - d. Concrete pavement subcontractor.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic Control: Maintain access for vehicular and pedestrian traffic as required for other construction activities.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, products specified.
 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.
 3. Available Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, manufacturers specified.
 4. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

2.2 FORMS

- A. Form Materials: Plywood, metal, metal-framed plywood, or other approved panel-type materials to provide full-depth, continuous, straight, smooth exposed surfaces.
 1. Use flexible or curved forms for curves with a radius 100 feet or less.
- B. Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.

2.3 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.
- B. Deformed-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 497, flat sheet.
- C. Epoxy-Coated Welded Wire Fabric: ASTM A 884/A 884M, Class A, plain steel.
- D. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60; deformed.
- E. Galvanized Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 767/A 767M, Class II zinc coated, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and bending; with ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 deformed bars.
- F. Epoxy-Coated Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 775/A 775M or ASTM A 934/A 934M; with ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 deformed bars.
- G. Steel Bar Mats: ASTM A 184/A 184M; with ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed bars; assembled with clips.
- H. Plain Steel Wire: ASTM A 82, as drawn.
- I. Deformed-Steel Wire: ASTM A 496.
- J. Epoxy-Coated-Steel Wire: ASTM A 884/A 884M, Class A coated, plain.
- K. Joint Dowel Bars: Plain steel bars, ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60. Cut bars true to length with ends square and free of burrs.
- L. Epoxy-Coated Joint Dowel Bars: ASTM A 775/A 775M; with ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, plain steel bars.
- M. Tie Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.
- N. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars, welded wire reinforcement, and dowels in place. Manufacture bar supports according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete of greater compressive strength than concrete, and as follows:
 - 1. Equip wire bar supports with sand plates or horizontal runners where base material will not support chair legs.
 - 2. For epoxy-coated reinforcement, use epoxy-coated or other dielectric-polymer-coated wire bar supports.
- O. Epoxy Repair Coating: Liquid two-part epoxy repair coating, compatible with epoxy coating on reinforcement.
- P. Zinc Repair Material: ASTM A 780.

2.4 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Materials: All materials including but not limited to reinforcing materials, concrete materials, concrete mix, admixtures, curing materials, traffic paint and other related materials used under this section shall conform to the requirements of the Delaware Department of Transportation Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. References to a required class of concrete shall correspond to the classes as shown in the State of Delaware Department of Transportation Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction Division 500 and Division 800.
- B. Fly ash shall meet the approval of the ASTM C-618 pozzolan Class F and may be used as a partial substitute for cement when approved by the Architect.
- C. The concrete mix used in performing this work shall be DelDOT Class "A" or DelDOT Class "B" depending on the compressive strength shown on the details and shall meet the approval of the Architect.
- D. The concrete temperature shall not exceed 90°F when delivered to the job-site or at any time prior to placement in the forms.
- E. Type I - Portland Cement: Shall be used from October 1 through May 1 and when the air temperature in the shade and away from artificial heat is above 70°F or less, or as directed by the Architect.
- F. Type II - Portland Cement: Shall be used from May 1 through October 1 and when the air temperature in the shade and away from artificial heat is above 70°F, or as directed by the Architect.
- G. When approved by the Architect, Hi-Early strength concrete may be used. Approval will be on a case by case basis.
- H. Exposed Aggregate: Selected, hard, and durable; washed; free of materials with deleterious reactivity to cement or that cause staining; from a single source, with gap-graded coarse aggregate as follows:
 - 1. Aggregate Sizes: 1/2 to 3/4 inch nominal.
 - 2. Aggregate Source, Shape, and Color: Submit color samples for review by Architect and Owner.
- I. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M.
- J. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- K. Chemical Admixtures: Admixtures may only be use with prior approval by the Architect. Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and to contain not more than 0.1 percent water-soluble chloride ions by mass of cementitious material.
 - 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
 - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
 - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
 - 4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.

5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
6. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.

2.5 FIBER REINFORCEMENT

- A. Synthetic Fiber: fibrillated polypropylene fibers engineered and designed for use in concrete pavement, complying with ASTM C 1116, Type III, 1/2 to 1-1/2 inches long.

1. Available Products:

a. Fibrillated Fibers:

- 1) Axim Concrete Technologies; Fibrasol F.
- 2) FORTA Corporation; Forta.
- 3) Euclid Chemical Company (The); Fiberstrand F.
- 4) Grace, W. R. & Co.--Conn.; Grace Fibers.
- 5) SI Concrete Systems; Fibermesh.

2.6 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. dry.

- B. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.

- C. Water: Potable.

- D. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming; manufactured for application to fresh concrete.

1. Available Products:

- a. Axim Concrete Technologies; Cimfilm.
- b. Burke by Edeco; BurkeFilm.
- c. ChemMasters; Spray-Film.
- d. Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; Aquafilm.
- e. Dayton Superior Corporation; Sure Film.
- f. Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucobar.
- g. Kaufman Products, Inc.; Vapor Aid.
- h. Lambert Corporation; Lambco Skin.
- i. L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; E-Con.
- j. MBT Protection and Repair, ChemRex Inc.; Confilm.
- k. Meadows, W. R., Inc.; Sealtight Evapre.
- l. Metalcrete Industries; Waterhold.
- m. Nox-Crete Products Group, Kinsman Corporation; Monofilm.
- n. Sika Corporation, Inc.; SikaFilm.
- o. Symons Corporation; Finishing Aid.

- p. Vexcon Chemicals, Inc.; Certi-Vex EnvioAssist.
- E. White Waterborne Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 2, Class B.
- 1. Available Products:
 - a. Anti-Hydro International, Inc.; AH Curing Compound #2 WP WB.
 - b. Burke by Edoco; Resin Emulsion White.
 - c. ChemMasters; Safe-Cure 2000.
 - d. Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; W.B. Resin Cure.
 - e. Dayton Superior Corporation; Day-Chem White Pigmented Cure (J-10-W).
 - f. Euclid Chemical Company (The); Kurez VOX White Pigmented.
 - g. Kaufman Products, Inc.; Thinfilm 450.
 - h. Lambert Corporation; Aqua Kure-White.
 - i. L&M Construction Chemicals, Inc.; L&M Cure R-2.
 - j. Meadows, W. R., Inc.; 1200-White.
 - k. Symons Corporation; Resi-Chem White.
 - l. Tamms Industries, Inc.; Horncure 200-W.
 - m. Unitex; Hydro White.
 - n. Vexcon Chemicals, Inc.; Certi-Vex Enviocure White 100.

2.7 LOGO INLAY

- A. Final materials & design to be approved by owner.
- B. Material shall be 3/16" thick 316 Stainless Steel.
- C. Final design shall be embedded using stud mounts welded to the back of the final design and attached to a stabilizing plate. The stabilizing plate should be embedded into the concrete at a depth of 2" minimum. Final logo to be set flush with surrounding concrete.

2.8 RELATED MATERIALS

- A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber or ASTM D 1752, cork or self-expanding cork.
- B. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.
- C. Epoxy Bonding Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-component epoxy resin, capable of humid curing and bonding to damp surfaces, of class suitable for application temperature and of grade to requirements, and as follows:
 - 1. Types IV and V, load bearing, for bonding hardened or freshly mixed concrete to hardened concrete.
- D. Chemical Surface Retarder: (For exposed aggregate concrete) Water-soluble, liquid-set retarder with color dye, for horizontal concrete surface application, capable of temporarily delaying final hardening of concrete to a depth of 1/8 to 1/4 inch.

1. Products:
 - a. Burke by Edeco; True Etch Surface Retarder.
 - b. ChemMasters; Exposee.
 - c. Conspec Marketing & Manufacturing Co., Inc.; Delay S.
 - d. Euclid Chemical Company (The); Surface Retarder S.
 - e. Kaufman Products, Inc.; Expose.
 - f. Metalcrete Industries; Surfard.
 - g. Nox-Crete Products Group, Kinsman Corporation; Crete-Nox TA.
 - h. Scofield, L. M. Company; Lithotex.
 - i. Sika Corporation, Inc.; Rugasol-S.
 - j. Vexcon Chemicals, Inc.; Certi-Vex Envioset.

2.9 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. The concrete mix used in performing this work shall be DelDOT Class "A" or DelDOT Class "B" depending on the compressive strength shown on the details and shall meet the approval of the Architect.
- B. Prepare design mixtures, proportioned according to ACI 301, for each type and strength of normal-weight concrete determined by either laboratory trial mixes or field experience.
 1. Use a qualified independent testing agency for preparing and reporting proposed concrete mixture designs for the trial batch method.
- C. Proportion mixtures to provide normal-weight concrete with the following properties:
 1. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 3500 psi or 3000 psi. depending on location
 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio at Point of Placement: 0.50.
 3. Slump Limit: 2-5, plus or minus 1 inch.
- D. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in normal-weight concrete at point of placement having an air content as follows:
 1. Air Content: 6 percent plus or minus 1.5 percent for 1-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.
- E. Limit water-soluble, chloride-ion content in hardened concrete to 0.15 percent by weight of cement.
- F. Chemical Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 1. Use water-reducing admixture, plasticizing and retarding admixture in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
 2. Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
- G. Cementitious Materials: Limit percentage, by weight, of cementitious materials other than portland cement according to ACI 301 requirements for concrete exposed to deicing chemicals. Limits shall be as follows per DelDOT requirements:

1. Fly Ash or Pozzolan: 25 percent.
 2. Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent.
 3. Combined Fly Ash or Pozzolan, and Ground Granulated Blast-Furnace Slag: 50 percent, with fly ash or pozzolan not exceeding 25 percent.
- H. Synthetic Fiber: Uniformly disperse in concrete mix at manufacturer's recommended rate, but not less than 1.0 lb/cu. yd.

2.10 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, and mix concrete materials and concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M and ASTM C 1116 where synthetic fibers are noted on the plans. Furnish batch certificates for each batch discharged and used in the Work.
1. When air temperature is between 85 deg F and 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine exposed subgrades and subbase surfaces for compliance with requirements for dimensional, grading, and elevation tolerances.
- B. Proof-roll prepared subbase surface below concrete pavements with heavy pneumatic-tired equipment to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding.
1. Completely proof-roll subbase in one direction and repeat in perpendicular direction. Limit vehicle speed to 3 mph.
 2. Proof-roll with a loaded 10-wheel tandem-axle dump truck weighing not less than 15 tons.
 3. Subbase with soft spots and areas of pumping or rutting exceeding depth of 1/2 inch require correction according to requirements in Division 31 Section "Earth Moving."
- C. Proceed with concrete pavement operations only after nonconforming conditions have been corrected and subgrade is ready to receive pavement.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove loose material from compacted subbase surface immediately before placing concrete.

3.3 EDGE FORMS AND SCREED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Set, brace, and secure edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed guides for pavement to required lines, grades, and elevations. Install forms to allow continuous progress of work and so forms can remain in place at least 24 hours after concrete placement.

- B. Clean forms after each use and coat with form-release agent to ensure separation from concrete without damage.

3.4 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
- B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, or other bond-reducing materials.
- C. Arrange, space, and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position during concrete placement. Maintain minimum cover to reinforcement.
- D. Install welded wire reinforcement in lengths as long as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh, and lace splices with wire. Offset laps of adjoining widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.
- E. Install fabricated bar mats in lengths as long as practicable. Handle units to keep them flat and free of distortions. Straighten bends, kinks, and other irregularities, or replace units as required before placement. Set mats for a minimum 2-inch overlap of adjacent mats.

3.5 JOINTS

- A. General: Form construction, isolation, and contraction joints and tool edgings true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete. Construct transverse joints at right angles to centerline, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. When joining existing pavement, place transverse joints to align with previously placed joints, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Construction Joints: Set construction joints at side and end terminations of pavement and at locations where pavement operations are stopped for more than one-half hour unless pavement terminates at isolation joints.
 - 1. Continue steel reinforcement across construction joints, unless otherwise indicated. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of pavement strips, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Provide tie bars at sides of pavement strips where indicated.
 - 3. Butt Joints: Use bonding agent at joint locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
 - 4. Doweled Joints: Install dowel bars and support assemblies at joints where indicated. Lubricate or asphalt-coat one-half of dowel length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.
- C. Isolation Joints: Form isolation joints of preformed joint-filler strips abutting concrete curbs, catch basins, manholes, inlets, structures, walks, other fixed objects, and where indicated.
 - 1. Locate expansion joints at intervals of 20 feet, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Extend joint fillers full width and depth of joint.
 - 3. All Isolation Joints shall be treated with joint filler.

4. Terminate joint filler not less than 1/2 inch or more than 1 inch below finished surface.
 5. Furnish joint fillers in one-piece lengths. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip joint-filler sections together.
 6. Protect top edge of joint filler during concrete placement with metal, plastic, or other temporary preformed cap. Remove protective cap after concrete has been placed on both sides of joint.
- D. Contraction Joints: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated but not less than 5 feet. For larger walkways, width greater than 12' and plazas, submit shop drawing of joint pattern. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of the concrete thickness, as follows:
1. Grooved Joints: Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint with grooving tool to a 3/8-inch radius. Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover marks on concrete surfaces.
 2. Doweled Contraction Joints: Install dowel bars and support assemblies at joints where indicated. Lubricate or asphalt coat one-half of dowel length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.
- E. Edging: Tool edges of pavement, gutters, curbs, and joints in concrete after initial floating with an edging tool to a 3/8-inch radius. Repeat tooling of edges after applying surface finishes. Eliminate tool marks on concrete surfaces.

3.6 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Inspection: Before placing concrete, inspect and complete formwork installation, steel reinforcement, and items to be embedded or cast in. Notify other trades to permit installation of their work.
- B. Remove snow, ice, or frost from subbase surface and reinforcement before placing concrete. Do not place concrete on frozen surfaces.
- C. Moisten subbase to provide a uniform dampened condition at time concrete is placed. Do not place concrete around manholes or other structures until they are at required finish elevation and alignment.
- D. Comply with ACI 301 requirements for measuring, mixing, transporting, and placing concrete.
- E. Do not add water to fresh concrete after testing.
- F. Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints. Do not push or drag concrete into place or use vibrators to move concrete into place.
- G. Consolidate concrete according to ACI 301 by mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand spading, rodding, or tamping.
 1. Consolidate concrete along face of forms and adjacent to transverse joints with an internal vibrator. Keep vibrator away from joint assemblies, reinforcement, or side

forms. Use only square-faced shovels for hand spreading and consolidation. Consolidate with care to prevent dislocating reinforcement, dowels, and joint devices.

- H. Screed pavement surfaces with a straightedge and strike off.
- I. Commence initial floating using bull floats or darbies to impart an open textured and uniform surface plane before excess moisture or bleed water appears on the surface. Do not further disturb concrete surfaces before beginning finishing operations or spreading surface treatments.
- J. Curbs and Gutters: When automatic machine placement is used for curb and gutter placement, submit revised mix design and laboratory test results that meet or exceed requirements. Produce curbs and gutters to required cross section, lines, grades, finish, and jointing as specified for formed concrete. If results are not approved, remove and replace with formed concrete.
- K. Slip-Form Pavers: When automatic machine placement is used for pavement, submit revised mix design and laboratory test results that meet or exceed requirements. Produce pavement to required thickness, lines, grades, finish, and jointing as required for formed pavement.
 - 1. Compact subbase and prepare subgrade of sufficient width to prevent displacement of paver machine during operations.
- L. When adjoining pavement lanes are placed in separate pours, do not operate equipment on concrete until pavement has attained 85 percent of its 28-day compressive strength.
- M. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1 and as follows. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures.
 - 1. When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40 deg F, uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture temperature of not less than 50 deg F and not more than 80 deg F at point of placement.
 - 2. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow.
 - 3. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agents or chemical accelerators unless otherwise specified and approved in mix designs.
- N. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301 and as follows when hot-weather conditions exist:
 - 1. Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
 - 2. Cover steel reinforcement with water-soaked burlap so steel temperature will not exceed ambient air temperature immediately before embedding in concrete.
 - 3. Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade moisture uniform without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.

3.7 FLOAT FINISHING

- A. Float Finish: Begin the second floating operation when bleed-water sheen has disappeared, and concrete surface has stiffened sufficiently to permit operations. Float surface with power-driven floats, or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power units. Finish surfaces to true planes. Cut down high spots and fill low spots. Refloat surface immediately to uniform granular texture.
 - 1. Construct test sections of each type of concrete paving, including at least one expansion joint and control joints, for review by CM, Owner and Architect for agreement of finish prior to starting concrete installation. Review will include texture of broom finish, joint striking, picture framing and geometric conformity.
 - 2. Medium-to-Fine-Textured Broom Finish: Draw a soft bristle broom across float-finished concrete surface perpendicular to line of traffic to provide a uniform, fine-line texture.
 - 3. Incorporate "picture framing" of concrete in finish within lump sum prices bid.

3.8 CONCRETE PROTECTION AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures.
- B. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection
- C. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- D. Begin curing after finishing concrete but not before free water has disappeared from concrete surface.
- E. Curing Methods: Cure concrete by moisture curing, moisture-retaining-cover curing, curing compound, or a combination of these as follows:
 - 1. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches, and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
 - 2. Curing Compound: Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

3.9 PAVEMENT TOLERANCES

- A. Comply with tolerances of ACI 117 and as follows:
 - 1. Elevation: 1/4 inch.
 - 2. Thickness: Plus 3/8 inch, minus 1/4 inch.
 - 3. Surface: Gap below 10-foot- long, unlevelled straightedge not to exceed 1/4 inch.

4. Lateral Alignment and Spacing of Tie Bars and Dowels: 1 inch.
5. Vertical Alignment of Tie Bars and Dowels: 1/4 inch.
6. Alignment of Tie-Bar End Relative to Line Perpendicular to Pavement Edge: 1/2 inch.
7. Alignment of Dowel-Bar End Relative to Line Perpendicular to Pavement Edge: Length of dowel 1/4 inch per 12 inches.
8. Joint Spacing: 3 inches.
9. Contraction Joint Depth: Plus 1/4 inch, no minus.
10. Joint Width: Plus 1/8 inch, no minus.

3.10 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Testing Services: Testing of composite samples of fresh concrete obtained according to ASTM C 172 shall be performed according to the following requirements
 1. Testing Frequency: Obtain at least 1 composite sample for each 100 cu. yd. or fraction thereof of each concrete mix placed each day.
 - a. When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressive-strength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.
 2. Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mix. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.
 3. Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method; one test for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mix.
 4. Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F and below and when 80 deg F and above, and one test for each composite sample.
 5. Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31/C 31M; cast and laboratory cure one set of three standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
 6. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39/C 39M; test 1 specimen at 7 days and 2 specimens at 28 days.
 - a. A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from 2 specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at 28 days.
- C. Strength of each concrete mix will be satisfactory if average of any 3 consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.
- D. Test results shall be reported in writing to Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.
- E. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Architect but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.

- F. Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Architect.
- G. Remove and replace concrete pavement where test results indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.
- H. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

3.11 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

- A. Remove and replace concrete pavement that is broken, damaged, or defective or that does not comply with requirements in this Section.
- B. Drill test cores, where directed by Architect, when necessary to determine magnitude of cracks or defective areas. Fill drilled core holes in satisfactory pavement areas with portland cement concrete bonded to pavement with epoxy adhesive.
- C. Protect concrete from damage. Exclude traffic from pavement for at least 14 days after placement. When construction traffic is permitted, maintain pavement as clean as possible by removing surface stains and spillage of materials as they occur.
- D. Maintain concrete pavement free of stains, discoloration, dirt, and other foreign material. Sweep concrete pavement not more than two days before date scheduled for Substantial Completion inspections.

END OF SECTION 321313

SECTION 321373 - CONCRETE PAVING JOINT SEALANTS
PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:

- 1. Expansion and contraction joints within cement concrete pavement.

- B. Related Sections include the following:

- 1. Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for sealing nontraffic and traffic joints in locations not specified in this Section.
 - 2. Division 32 Section "Concrete Paving" for constructing joints in concrete pavement.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product indicated.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of joint sealant and accessory, signed by product manufacturer.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one source from a single manufacturer.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver materials to Project site in original unopened containers or bundles with labels indicating manufacturer, product name and designation, color, expiration date, pot life, curing time, and mixing instructions for multicomponent materials.
- B. Store and handle materials to comply with manufacturer's written instructions to prevent their deterioration or damage due to moisture, high or low temperatures, contaminants, or other causes.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:
 - 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint-sealant manufacturer or are below 40 deg F .
 - 2. When joint substrates are wet or covered with frost.
 - 3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
 - 4. Where contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products listed in other Part 2 articles.

2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backing materials, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint-sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

2.3 COLD-APPLIED JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Type NS Silicone Sealant for Concrete: Single-component, low-modulus, neutral-curing, nonsag silicone sealant complying with ASTM D 5893 for Type NS.
 - 1. Products:
 - a. Crafcoc Inc.; RoadSaver Silicone.
 - b. Dow Corning Corporation; 888.

2.4 JOINT-SEALANT BACKER MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide joint-sealant backer materials that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by joint-sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Round Backer Rods for Cold-Applied Sealants: ASTM D 5249, Type 3, of diameter and density required to control sealant depth and prevent bottom-side adhesion of sealant.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting joint-sealant performance.
 - 1. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Install backer materials of type indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
 - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of backer materials.
 - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear backer materials.
 - 3. Remove absorbent backer materials that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.
- D. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
 - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
 - 2. Completely fill recesses provided for each joint configuration.
 - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- E. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.
 - 1. Remove excess sealants from surfaces adjacent to joint.
 - 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by joint-sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.

- F. Provide joint configuration to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Provide recessed joint configuration for silicone sealants of recess depth and at locations indicated.

3.4 CLEANING

- A. Clean off excess sealants or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

3.5 PROTECTION

- A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately and replace with joint sealant so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from the original work.

END OF SECTION 321373

SECTION 321400 - UNIT PAVING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:

- 1. Brick pavers set in mortar setting beds.

- B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 321313 "Concrete Paving" for concrete base under unit pavers.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For materials other than water and aggregates.

- B. Product Data: For the following:

- 1. Pavers.
- 2. Bituminous setting materials.
- 3. Mortar and grout materials.

- C. Sieve Analyses: For aggregate setting-bed materials, according to ASTM C 136.

- D. Samples for Initial Selection: Four each type of unit paver indicated and the following:

- 1. Joint materials involving color selection.

- E. Samples for Verification: Four full-size units of each type of unit paver indicated.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Adhesion and Compatibility Test Reports: From latex-additive manufacturer for mortar and grout containing latex additives.

- B. Material Certificates: For unit pavers. Include statements of material properties indicating compliance with requirements, including compliance with standards. Provide for each type and size of unit.

- C. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for unit pavers, indicating compliance with requirements.

- 1. For solid interlocking paving units, include test data for freezing and thawing according to ASTM C 67.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.

- 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.6 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Testing: Submit to latex-additive manufacturer, for testing as indicated below, Samples of flooring materials that will contact or affect mortar and grout that contain latex additives.

- 1. Use manufacturer's standard test methods to determine whether mortar and grout materials will obtain optimal adhesion with, and will be nonstaining to, installed brick and other materials constituting brick flooring installation.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store pavers on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover tops and sides of stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied.
- B. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
- C. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
- D. Store liquids in tightly closed containers protected from freezing.
- E. Store asphalt cement and other bituminous materials in tightly closed containers.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Cold-Weather Protection: Do not use frozen materials or materials mixed or coated with ice or frost. Do not build on frozen subgrade or setting beds. Remove and replace unit paver work damaged by frost or freezing.
- B. Weather Limitations for Mortar and Grout:

1. Cold-Weather Requirements: Comply with cold-weather construction requirements contained in TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE 6.
2. Hot-Weather Requirements: Comply with hot-weather construction requirements contained in TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE 6. Provide artificial shade and windbreaks and use cooled materials as required. Do not apply mortar to substrates with temperatures of 100 deg F (38 deg C) and higher.
 - a. When ambient temperature exceeds 100 deg F (38 deg C), or when wind velocity exceeds 8 mph (13 km/h) and ambient temperature exceeds 90 deg F (32 deg C), set pavers within 1 minute of spreading setting-bed mortar.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of unit paver, joint material, and setting material from single source with resources to provide materials and products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

2.2 BRICK PAVERS

- A. Brick Pavers: Light-traffic paving brick; ASTM C 902, Class SX, Type I, Application PS. Provide brick without frogs or cores in surfaces exposed to view in the completed Work.
 1. Thickness: 1-5/8 inches
 2. Face Size: 3-3/4 by 7-1/2 inches
 3. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range

2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Cork Joint Filler: Preformed strips complying with ASTM D 1752, Type II.
- B. Compressible Foam Filler: Preformed strips complying with ASTM D 1056, Grade 2A1.

2.4 MORTAR SETTING-BED MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150/C 150M, Type I or Type II.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Sand: ASTM C 144.
- D. Latex Additive: Manufacturer's standard water emulsion, serving as replacement for part or all of gaging water, of type specifically recommended by latex-additive manufacturer for use with field-mixed portland cement and aggregate mortar bed, and not containing a retarder.
- E. Thin-Set Mortar for Bond Coat: Latex-portland cement mortar complying with ANSI A118.4.

1. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix containing dry, redispersible, vinyl acetate or acrylic additive to which only water must be added at Project site.
2. Provide prepackaged, dry-mortar mix combined with acrylic resin liquid-latex additive at Project site.
3. Provide product that is approved by manufacturer for application thickness of 3/8 inch to 1/2 inch.

F. Water: Potable.

G. Reinforcing Wire Fabric: Galvanized, welded wire fabric, 6 by 6 inches by 0.062 inch in diameter; comply with ASTM A 185/A 185M and ASTM A 82/A 82M except for minimum wire size.

2.5 GROUT MATERIALS

A. Sand-Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.10, made of white or gray cement and white or colored aggregate as required to produce color indicated.

1. Colored Mortar Pigments for Grout: Natural and synthetic iron and chromium oxides, compounded for use in mortar and grout mixes. Use only pigments that have proved, through testing and experience, to be satisfactory for use in portland cement grout.

B. Standard Cement Grout: ANSI A118.6, sanded.

C. High-Performance Cement Grout: ANSI A118.7, sanded.

1. Polymer Type: Ethylene vinyl acetate or acrylic additive, in dry, redispersible form, prepackaged with other dry ingredients.
2. Polymer Type: [Acrylic resin] [or] [styrene-butadiene rubber] in liquid-latex form for addition to prepackaged dry-grout mix.

D. Grout Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

E. Water: Potable.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine surfaces indicated to receive unit paving, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.

B. Where unit paving is to be installed over waterproofing, examine waterproofing installation, with waterproofing Installer present, for protection from paving operations, including areas where waterproofing system is turned up or flashed against vertical surfaces.

C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove substances from concrete substrates that could impair mortar bond, including curing and sealing compounds, form oil, and laitance.
- B. Sweep concrete substrates to remove dirt, dust, debris, and loose particles.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use unit pavers with chips, cracks, voids, discolorations, or other defects that might be visible or cause staining in finished work.
- B. Mix pavers from several pallets or cubes, as they are placed, to produce uniform blend of colors and textures.
- C. Cut unit pavers with motor-driven masonry saw equipment to provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Cut units to provide pattern indicated and to fit adjoining work neatly. Use full units without cutting where possible. Hammer cutting is not acceptable.
- D. Handle protective-coated brick pavers to prevent coated surfaces from contacting backs or edges of other units. If, despite these precautions, coating does contact bonding surfaces of brick, remove coating from bonding surfaces before setting brick.
- E. Joint Pattern: As indicated on plans & details.
- F. Tolerances: Do not exceed 1/16-inch unit-to-unit offset from flush (lippage) nor 1/8 inch in 24 inches and 1/4 inch in 10 feet from level, or indicated slope, for finished surface of paving.
- G. Expansion and Control Joints: Provide for sealant-filled joints at locations and of widths indicated. Provide compressible foam filler as backing for sealant-filled joints. Install joint filler before setting pavers.

3.4 MORTAR SETTING-BED APPLICATIONS

- A. Saturate concrete subbase with clean water several hours before placing setting bed. Remove surface water about one hour before placing setting bed.
- B. Apply mortar-bed bond coat over surface of concrete subbase about 15 minutes before placing mortar bed. Do not exceed 1/16-inch thickness for bond coat. Limit area of bond coat to avoid its drying out before placing setting bed.
- C. Apply mortar bed over bond coat; spread and screed mortar bed to uniform thickness at subgrade elevations required for accurate setting of pavers to finished grades indicated.
- D. Place reinforcing wire over concrete subbase, lapped at joints by at least one full mesh and supported so mesh becomes embedded in the middle of mortar bed. Hold edges back from vertical surfaces approximately 1/2 inch

- E. Place mortar bed with reinforcing wire fully embedded in middle of mortar bed. Spread and screed mortar bed to uniform thickness at subgrade elevations required for accurate setting of pavers to finished grades indicated.
- F. Mix and place only that amount of mortar bed that can be covered with pavers before initial set. Before placing pavers, cut back, bevel edge, and remove and discard setting-bed material that has reached initial set.
- G. Wet brick pavers before laying if the initial rate of absorption exceeds 30 g/30 sq. in. per minute when tested according to ASTM C 67. Allow units to absorb water so they are damp but not wet at time of laying.
- H. Place pavers before initial set of cement occurs. Immediately before placing pavers on mortar bed, apply uniform 1/16-inch- thick bond coat to mortar bed or to back of each paver with a flat trowel.
- I. Tamp or beat pavers with a wooden block or rubber mallet to obtain full contact with setting bed and to bring finished surfaces within indicated tolerances. Set each paver in a single operation before initial set of mortar; do not return to areas already set or disturb pavers for purposes of realigning finished surfaces or adjusting joints.
- J. Spaced Joint Widths: Provide 3/8-inch nominal joint width with variations not exceeding plus or minus 1/16 inch.
- K. Grouted Joints: Grout paver joints complying with ANSI A108.10.
- L. Grout joints as soon as possible after initial set of setting bed.
 - 1. Force grout into joints, taking care not to smear grout on adjoining surfaces.
 - 2. Clean pavers as grouting progresses by dry brushing or rubbing with dry burlap to remove smears before tooling joints.
 - 3. Tool exposed joints slightly concave when thumbprint hard, using a jointer larger than joint thickness unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. If tooling squeezes grout from joints, remove excess grout and smears by dry brushing or rubbing with dry burlap and tool joints again to produce a uniform appearance.
- M. Cure grout by maintaining in a damp condition for seven days unless otherwise recommended by grout or liquid-latex manufacturer.

3.5 REPAIRING, POINTING, AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace unit pavers that are loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or that do not match adjoining units. Provide new units to match adjoining units and install in same manner as original units, with same joint treatment and with no evidence of replacement.
- B. Pointing: During tooling of joints, enlarge voids or holes and completely fill with grout. Point joints at sealant joints to provide a neat, uniform appearance, properly prepared for sealant application.
- C. Cleaning: Remove excess grout from exposed paver surfaces; wash and scrub clean.

1. Remove temporary protective coating as recommended by coating manufacturer and as acceptable to paver and grout manufacturers.
2. Do not allow protective coating to enter floor drains. Trap, collect, and remove coating material.

END OF SECTION 321400

SECTION 329200 - TURF AND GRASSES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. Execute the work of this Specification in accordance with applicable portions of:
 - 1. Division 1 – General Requirements

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Seeding.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Division 31 Section "Site Clearing" for topsoil stripping and stockpiling.
 - 2. Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for excavation, filling and backfilling, and rough grading.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Duff Layer: The surface layer of native topsoil that is composed of mostly decayed leaves, twigs, and detritus.
- B. Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of planting soil.
- C. Manufactured Topsoil: Soil produced off-site by homogeneously blending mineral soils or sand with stabilized organic soil amendments to produce topsoil or planting soil.
- D. Pesticide: A substance or mixture intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating a pest. This includes insecticides, miticides, herbicides, fungicides, rodenticides, and molluscicides. It also includes substances or mixtures intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant.
- E. Pests: Living organisms that occur where they are not desired or that cause damage to plants, animals, or people. These include insects, mites, grubs, mollusks (snails and slugs), rodents (gophers, moles, and mice), unwanted plants (weeds), fungi, bacteria, and viruses.
- F. Planting Soil: Standardized topsoil; existing, native surface topsoil; existing, in-place surface soil; imported topsoil; or manufactured topsoil that is modified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth.

- G. Subgrade: Surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.
- H. Subsoil: All soil beneath the topsoil layer of the soil profile, and typified by the lack of organic matter and soil organisms.
- I. Surface Soil: Soil that is present at the top layer of the existing soil profile at the Project site. In undisturbed areas, the surface soil is typically topsoil, but in disturbed areas such as urban environments, the surface soil can be subsoil.

1.4 EXTERNAL DOCUMENTS

- A. The Delaware Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook; 2005 Update. Available at <http://www.dnrec.delaware.gov>.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - 1. Pesticides and Herbicides: Include product label and manufacturer's application instructions specific to this Project.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Certification of Grass Seed: From seed vendor for each grass-seed monostand or mixture stating the botanical and common name, percentage by weight of each species and variety, and percentage of purity, germination, and weed seed. Include the year of production and date of packaging.
 - 1. Certification of each seed mixture to be utilized for the project. Include identification of source and name and telephone number of supplier.
- B. Qualification Data: For qualified landscape Installer.
- C. Product Certificates: For soil amendments and fertilizers, from manufacturer.
- D. Material Test Reports: For existing in-place surface soil and imported topsoil.
- E. Maintenance Instructions: Recommended procedures to be established by Owner for maintenance of turf during a calendar year. Submit before expiration of required initial maintenance periods.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified landscape Installer whose work has resulted in successful turf establishment.
 - 1. Professional Membership: Installer shall be a member in good standing of either the Professional Landcare Network or the American Nursery and Landscape Association.
 - 2. Experience: Three years' experience in turf installation in addition to requirements in Division 01 Section "Quality Requirements."

3. Installer's Field Supervision: Require Installer to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on Project site when work is in progress.
 4. Personnel Certifications: Installer's field supervisor shall have certification in one of the following categories from the Professional Landcare Network:
 - a. Certified Landscape Technician - Exterior, with specialty area(s), designated CLT-Exterior.
 - b. Certified Turfgrass Professional, designated CTP.
 - c. Certified Turfgrass Professional of Cool Season Lawns, designated CTP-CSL.
 5. Maintenance Proximity: Not more than two hours' normal travel time from Installer's place of business to Project site.
 6. Pesticide Applicator: State licensed, commercial.
- B. Soil-Testing Laboratory Qualifications: An independent laboratory or university laboratory, recognized by the State Department of Agriculture, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated and that specializes in types of tests to be performed.
- C. Soil Analysis: For each unamended soil type, furnish soil analysis and a written report by a qualified soil-testing laboratory stating percentages of organic matter; gradation of sand, silt, and clay content; cation exchange capacity; deleterious material; pH; and mineral and plant-nutrient content of the soil.
1. Testing methods and written recommendations shall comply with USDA's Handbook No. 60.
 2. The soil-testing laboratory shall oversee soil sampling, with depth, location, and number of samples to be taken per instructions from Architect. A minimum of three representative samples shall be taken from varied locations for each soil to be used or amended for planting purposes.
 3. Report suitability of tested soil for turf growth.
 - a. Based on the test results, state recommendations for soil treatments and soil amendments to be incorporated. State recommendations in weight per 1000 sq. ft. or volume per cu. yd. for lime, nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash nutrients and soil amendments to be added to produce satisfactory planting soil suitable for healthy, viable plants.
 - b. Report presence of problem salts, minerals, or heavy metals, including aluminum, arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, lead, lithium, and vanadium. If such problem materials are present, provide additional recommendations for corrective action.
- D. Pre-installation Conference: To Be Announced
- 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING
- A. Seed and Other Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and indication of conformance with state and federal laws, as applicable.
 - B. Sod: (Not Used).
 - C. Bulk Materials:

1. Do not dump or store bulk materials near structures, utilities, walkways and pavements, or on existing turf areas or plants.
2. Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of bulk materials, discharge of soil-bearing water runoff, and airborne dust reaching adjacent properties, water conveyance systems, or walkways.
3. Accompany each delivery of bulk fertilizers and soil amendments with appropriate certificates.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Planting Restrictions: Plant during one of the following periods. Coordinate planting periods with initial maintenance periods to provide required maintenance.
 1. Spring Planting: March 15 – June 15
 2. Fall Planting: September 15 – November 15
- B. Weather Limitations: Proceed with planting only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit planting to be performed when beneficial and optimum results may be obtained. Apply products during favorable weather conditions according to manufacturer's written instructions.

1.10 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Initial Turf Maintenance Service: Provide full maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Maintain as required in Part 3. Begin maintenance immediately after each area is planted and continue until acceptable turf is established but for not less than the following periods:
 1. Seeded Turf: 90 days from date of installation.
 - a. When initial maintenance period has not elapsed before end of planting season, or if turf is not fully established, continue maintenance during next planting season.
 2. Sodded Turf: (Not Used)
- B. Initial Meadow Maintenance Service: Provide full maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Maintain as required in Part 3. Begin maintenance immediately after each area is planted and continue until acceptable meadow is established, but for not less than 90 days from date of installation.
- C. Continuing Maintenance Proposal: From Installer to Owner, in the form of a standard yearly (or other period) maintenance agreement, starting on date initial maintenance service is concluded. State services, obligations, conditions, and terms for agreement period and for future renewal options.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 All materials shall comply with the Delaware Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook; 2005 Update. Available at <http://www.dnrec.delaware.gov>.

2.2 TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SEED

- A. Grass Seed: Mix no. 5 (annual ryegrass) in accordance with detail de-esc-3.4.3, sheet 1 of 4 within the Delaware Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook.
- B. Seed Species: Annual Ryegrass. Seed of grass species as follows, with not less than 95 percent germination, not less than 85 percent pure seed, and not more than 0.5 percent weed seed:
1. All areas: Annual Ryegrass (*Lolium temulentum*).
 2. Apply at 125#/acre.
 3. Planting depth, 0.5 inches.

2.3 PERMANENT GRASS SEED

- A. Apply mix No. 7 in accordance with DE-ESC-3.4.3, sheet 2 of 4 within the Delaware Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook.
1. All areas: Mix No. 7
 2. Apply at 150 #/acre.

2.4 INORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- A. Lime: ASTM C 602, agricultural liming material containing a minimum of 85 percent calcium carbonate, ground so that not less 90% passes a 10 mesh sieve and not less than 30% passes a 100 mesh sieve. Apply at the rate adequate to bring pH range up to 6.0 to 6.5.
- B. Sulfur: Granular, biodegradable, containing a minimum of 90 percent sulfur, and with a minimum of 99 percent passing through No. 6 sieve and a maximum of 10 percent passing through No. 40 sieve.
- C. Iron Sulfate: Granulated ferrous sulfate containing a minimum of 20 percent iron and 10 percent sulfur.
- D. Aluminum Sulfate: Commercial grade, unadulterated.
- E. Perlite: Horticultural perlite, soil amendment grade.
- F. Agricultural Gypsum: Minimum 90 percent calcium sulfate, finely ground with 90 percent passing through No. 50 sieve.
- G. Sand: Clean, washed, natural or manufactured, and free of toxic materials.
- H. Diatomaceous Earth: Calcined, 90 percent silica, with approximately 140 percent water absorption capacity by weight.
- I. Zeolites: Mineral clinoptilolite with at least 60 percent water absorption by weight.

2.5 ORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- A. Compost: Well-composted, stable, and weed-free organic matter, pH range of 5.5 to 8; moisture content 35 to 55 percent by weight; 100 percent passing through ½ inch sieve; soluble salt content of 4 to 8 decisiemens/m; not exceeding 0.5 percent inert contaminants and free of substances toxic to plantings; and as follows:
 - 1. Organic Matter Content: 50 to 60 percent of dry weight.
- B. Sphagnum Peat: Partially decomposed sphagnum peat moss, finely divided or of granular texture, with a pH range of 3.4 to 4.8.
- C. Muck Peat: Partially decomposed moss peat, native peat, or reed-sedge peat, finely divided or of granular texture, with a pH range of 6 to 7.5, and having a water-absorbing capacity of 1100 to 2000 percent.

2.6 FERTILIZERS

- A. Bonemeal: Commercial, raw or steamed, finely ground; a minimum of 4 percent nitrogen and 20 percent phosphoric acid.
- B. Superphosphate: Commercial, phosphate mixture, soluble; a minimum of 20 percent available phosphoric acid.
- C. Commercial Fertilizer: Commercial-grade complete fertilizer of neutral character, consisting of fast- and slow-release nitrogen, 50 percent derived from natural organic sources of urea formaldehyde, phosphorous, and potassium.
- D. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium in the following composition:
 - 1. Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 10 percent potassium, by weight.
 - 2. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified soil-testing laboratory.
 - 3. For lawns, provide fertilizer with not less than 4% phosphoric acid and not less than 2% potassium and the percentage of nitrogen required to provide not less than 1 lb. of actual nitrogen per 1000 sq. ft. of lawn area. Provide nitrogen in a form that will be available to the lawn during the initial period of growth.

2.7 PLANTING SOILS

A. TOPSOIL

Topsoil shall be from off-site sources. It shall be without admixture of subsoil or slag and shall be free of stones, lumps, plants or their roots, sticks and extraneous matter, and shall not be moved, placed or used while in a frozen or muddy condition.

Topsoil from off-site sources shall have an acidity range of pH 5.0 to 7.0 and shall contain not less than 5% organic matter as determined by the "Walkley-Black Method" (Colorimetric version). Sufficient limestone shall be added to topsoil used to bring it to a range of pH 6.0 to pH 6.5.

Soil sample tests will be ordered by the Landscape Architect and shall be made by a state or commercial laboratory using methods approved by the Associates of Official Agricultural chemists or the State Agricultural Experiment Station.

Such analysis will be paid for by the Contractor. Moving and placing of topsoil may be made after approval of the analysis by the Landscape Architect.

If approved, natural topsoil not having the hydrogen-ion value specified above may be amended by the contractor, at his own expense, to bring it within the specified limits. Topsoil shall meet the following mechanical analysis:

	<u>Passing %</u>	<u>Retained %</u>
1" Screen	100%	0%
1/2" Screen	97-100%	0-3%
No. 100 Mesh Sieve	60-40%	40-60%

There shall be a minimum of 4" of topsoil (after settlement) in all plant beds, pit plantings, ground cover areas, and lawns or as called for on the drawings whichever is greater.

B. LIGHT WEIGHT ON-STRUCTURE PLANTING SOIL (NOT USED)

2.8 MULCHES

- A. Straw Mulch: Provide air-dry, clean, mildew- and seed-free, salt hay or threshed straw of wheat, rye, oats, or barley.
- B. Hardwood Bark Mulch (Shredded).
 - 1. Shredded Hardwood Bark Mulch made of various hardwoods, mostly Oak, is ground (hammer milled) through a screen to provide a shredded, fibrous material. This is coarse mulch with large pieces down to fines. The pH shall range between 6 and 7.
- C. Muck Peat Mulch: Partially decomposed moss peat, native peat, or reed-sedge peat, finely divided or of granular texture, with a pH range of 6 to 7.5, and having a water-absorbing capacity of 1100 to 2000 percent.
- D. Compost Mulch: Well-composted, stable, and weed-free organic matter, pH range of 5.5 to 8; moisture content 35 to 55 percent by weight; 100 percent passing through 1-inch sieve; soluble salt content 2-5 decisiemens/m; not exceeding 0.5 percent inert contaminants and free of substances toxic to plantings; and as follows:
 - 1. Organic Matter Content 50-60 percent of dry weight.
 - 2. Feedstock: (NOT USED).

- E. Fiber Mulch: Biodegradable, dyed-wood, cellulose-fiber mulch; nontoxic and free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors; with a maximum moisture content of 15 percent and a pH range of 4.5 to 6.5.
- F. Nonasphaltic Tackifier: Colloidal tackifier recommended by fiber-mulch manufacturer for slurry application; nontoxic and free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors.
- G. Asphalt Emulsion: ASTM D 977, Grade SS-1; nontoxic and free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors.

2.9 PESTICIDES

- A. General: Pesticide, registered and approved by EPA, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and of type recommended by manufacturer for each specific problem and as required for Project conditions and application. Do not use restricted pesticides unless authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Pre-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Non-Selective): Effective for controlling the germination or growth of weeds within planted areas at the soil level directly below the mulch layer.
- C. Post-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Non-Selective): Effective for controlling weed growth that has already germinated.

2.10 EROSION-CONTROL MATERIALS

- A. Erosion-Control Blankets: Biodegradable wood excelsior, straw, or coconut-fiber mat enclosed in a photodegradable plastic mesh. Include manufacturer's recommended steel wire staples.
- B. Erosion-Control Fiber Mesh: Biodegradable burlap or spun-coir mesh, a minimum of 0.92 lb/sq. yd. with 50 to 65 percent open area. Include manufacturer's recommended steel wire staples,
- C. Erosion-Control Mats: Cellular, non-biodegradable slope-stabilization mats designed to isolate and contain small areas of soil over steeply sloped surface,. Include manufacturer's recommended anchorage system for slope conditions.

2.11 GRASS-PAVING MATERIALS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas to be planted for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance.
 - 1. Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in soil within a planting area.
 - 2. Do not mix or place soils and soil amendments in frozen, wet, or muddy conditions.

3. Suspend soil spreading, grading, and tilling operations during periods of excessive soil moisture until the moisture content reaches acceptable levels to attain the required results.
4. Uniformly moisten excessively dry soil that is not workable and which is too dusty.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

C. If contamination by foreign or deleterious material or liquid is present in soil within a planting area, remove the soil and contamination as directed by Architect and replace with new planting soil.

3.2 PREPARATION

A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities, trees, shrubs, and plantings from damage caused by planting operations.

1. Protect adjacent and adjoining areas from hydroseeding and hydromulching overspray.
2. Protect grade stakes set by others until directed to remove them.

B. Install erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.

3.3 TURF AREA PREPARATION

A. Limit turf subgrade preparation to areas to be planted.

B. Newly Graded Subgrades: Loosen subgrade to a minimum depth of 6 inches. Remove stones larger than 1 inch in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous matter and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

1. Thoroughly blend planting soil off-site before spreading.
 - a. Delay mixing fertilizer with planting soil if planting will not proceed within a few days.
 - b. Mix lime with dry soil before mixing fertilizer.
2. Spread planting soil to a depth of 6 inches but not less than required to meet finish grades after light rolling and natural settlement. Do not spread if planting soil or subgrade is frozen, muddy, or excessively wet.
 - a. Spread approximately 1/2 the thickness of planting soil over loosened subgrade. Mix thoroughly into top 4 inches of subgrade. Spread remainder of planting soil.
 - b. Reduce elevation of planting soil to allow for soil thickness of sod.

C. Unchanged Subgrades: If turf is to be planted in areas unaltered or undisturbed by excavating, grading, or surface-soil stripping operations, prepare surface soil as follows:

1. Remove existing grass, vegetation, and turf. Do not mix into surface soil.
2. Loosen surface soil to a depth of at least 6 inches. Apply soil amendments and fertilizers according to planting soil mix proportions and mix thoroughly into top 4 inches of soil. Till soil to a homogeneous mixture of fine texture.
3. Remove stones larger than 1 inch in any dimension and sticks, roots, trash, and other extraneous matter.
4. Legally dispose of waste material, including grass, vegetation, and turf, off Owner's property.

- D. Finish Grading: Grade planting areas to a smooth, uniform surface plane with loose, uniformly fine texture. Grade to within plus or minus 1/2 inch of finish elevation. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades. Limit finish grading to areas that can be planted in the immediate future.
- E. Moisten prepared area before planting if soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.
- F. Before planting, obtain Architect's acceptance of finish grading; restore planting areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after finish grading.

3.4 PREPARATION FOR EROSION-CONTROL MATERIALS

- A. Prepare area as specified in "Turf Area Preparation" Article.
- B. For erosion-control mats, install planting soil in two lifts, with second lift equal to thickness of erosion-control mats. Install erosion-control mat and fasten as recommended by material manufacturer.
- C. Fill cells of erosion-control mat with planting soil and compact before planting.
- D. For erosion-control blanket or mesh, install from top of slope, working downward, and as recommended by material manufacturer for site conditions. Fasten as recommended by material manufacturer.
- E. Moisten prepared area before planting if surface is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.

3.5 SEEDING

- A. Sow seed with spreader or seeding machine. Do not broadcast or drop seed when wind velocity exceeds 5 mph. Evenly distribute seed by sowing equal quantities in two directions at right angles to each other.
 - 1. Do not use wet seed or seed that is moldy or otherwise damaged.
 - 2. Do not seed against existing trees. Limit extent of seed to outside edge of planting saucer.
- B. Sow seed at a total rate of as noted on plans.
- C. Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch of soil, roll lightly, and water with fine spray.
- D. Protect seeded areas with slopes exceeding 1:4 with erosion-control blankets and 1:6 with erosion-control fiber mesh installed and stapled according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Protect seeded areas with erosion-control mats where shown on Drawings; install and anchor according to manufacturer's written instructions.

- F. Protect seeded areas with slopes not exceeding 1:6 by spreading straw mulch. Spread uniformly at a minimum rate of 2 tons/acre to form a continuous blanket 1-1/2 inches in loose thickness over seeded areas. Spread by hand, blower, or other suitable equipment.
 - 1. Anchor straw mulch by crimping into soil with suitable mechanical equipment.
 - 2. Bond straw mulch by spraying with asphalt emulsion at a rate of 10 to 13 gal./1000 sq. ft. Take precautions to prevent damage or staining of structures or other plantings adjacent to mulched areas. Immediately clean damaged or stained areas.
- G. Protect seeded areas from hot, dry weather or drying winds by applying peat mulch within 24 hours after completing seeding operations. Soak areas, scatter mulch uniformly to a thickness of 3/16 inch, and roll surface smooth.

3.6 HYDROSEEDING

- A. Hydroseeding: Mix specified seed, fertilizer, and fiber mulch in water, using equipment specifically designed for hydroseed application. Continue mixing until uniformly blended into homogeneous slurry suitable for hydraulic application.
 - 1. Mix slurry with [fiber-mulch manufacturer's recommended tackifier.
 - 2. Apply slurry uniformly to all areas to be seeded in a one-step process. Apply slurry at a rate so that mulch component is deposited at not less than [1500-lb/acre dry weight, and seed component is deposited at not less than the specified seed-sowing rate.
 - 3. Apply slurry uniformly to all areas to be seeded in a two-step process. Apply first slurry coat at a rate so that mulch component is deposited at not less than 500-lb/acre dry weight, and seed component is deposited at not less than the specified seed-sowing rate. Apply slurry cover coat of fiber mulch (hydromulching) at a rate of 1000 lb/acre.

3.7 TURF RENOVATION

- A. Renovate existing turf.
- B. Renovate existing turf damaged by Contractor's operations, such as storage of materials or equipment and movement of vehicles.
 - 1. Reestablish turf where settlement or washouts occur or where minor regrading is required.
 - 2. Install new planting soil as required.
- C. Remove sod and vegetation from diseased or unsatisfactory turf areas; do not bury in soil.
- D. Remove topsoil containing foreign materials such as oil drippings, fuel spills, stones, gravel, and other construction materials resulting from Contractor's operations, and replace with new planting soil.
- E. Mow, dethatch, core aerate, and rake existing turf.
- F. Remove weeds before seeding. Where weeds are extensive, apply selective herbicides as required. Do not use pre-emergence herbicides.
- G. Remove waste and foreign materials, including weeds, soil cores, grass, vegetation, and turf, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

- H. Till stripped, bare, and compacted areas thoroughly to a soil depth of 6 inches
- I. Apply soil amendments and initial fertilizers required for establishing new turf and mix thoroughly into top 4 inches of existing soil. Install new planting soil to fill low spots and meet finish grades.
- J. Apply seed and protect with straw mulch as required for new turf.
- K. Water newly planted areas and keep moist until new turf is established.

3.8 TURF MAINTENANCE

- A. Maintain and establish turf by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable turf. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas and remulch to produce a uniformly smooth turf. Provide materials and installation the same as those used in the original installation.
 - 1. Fill in as necessary soil subsidence that may occur because of settling or other processes. Replace materials and turf damaged or lost in areas of subsidence.
 - 2. In areas where mulch has been disturbed by wind or maintenance operations, add new mulch and anchor as required to prevent displacement.
 - 3. Apply treatments as required to keep turf and soil free of pests and pathogens or disease. Use integrated pest management practices whenever possible to minimize the use of pesticides and reduce hazards.
- B. Watering: Install and maintain temporary piping, hoses, and turf-watering equipment to convey water from sources and to keep turf uniformly moist to a depth of 4 inches.
 - 1. Schedule watering to prevent wilting, puddling, erosion, and displacement of seed or mulch. Lay out temporary watering system to avoid walking over muddy or newly planted areas.
 - 2. Water turf with fine spray at a minimum rate of 1 inch per week unless rainfall precipitation is adequate.
- C. Mow turf as soon as top growth is tall enough to cut. Repeat mowing to maintain specified height without cutting more than 1/3 of grass height. Remove no more than 1/3 of grass-leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings. Do not delay mowing until grass blades bend over and become matted. Do not mow when grass is wet. Schedule initial and subsequent mowings to maintain the following grass height:
- D. Turf Post fertilization: Apply fertilizer after initial mowing and when grass is dry.
 - 1. Use fertilizer that will provide actual nitrogen of at least 1 lb/1000 sq. ft. to turf area.

3.9 SATISFACTORY

3.10 TURF

- A. Turf installations shall meet the following criteria as determined by Architect:

1. Satisfactory Seeded Turf: At end of maintenance period, a healthy, uniform, close stand of grass has been established, free of weeds and surface irregularities, with coverage exceeding 90 percent over and bare spots not exceeding 5 by 5 inches .
2. Satisfactory Sodded Turf: (Not Used).

- B. Use specified materials to reestablish turf that does not comply with requirements and continue maintenance until turf is satisfactory.

3.11 PESTICIDE APPLICATION

- A. Apply pesticides and other chemical products and biological control agents in accordance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction and manufacturer's written recommendations. Coordinate applications with Owner's operations and others in proximity to the Work. Notify Owner before each application is performed.
- B. Post-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Non-Selective): Apply only as necessary to treat already-germinated weeds and in accordance with manufacturer's written recommendations.

3.12 CLEANUP AND PROTECTION

- A. Promptly remove soil and debris created by turf work from paved areas. Clean wheels of vehicles before leaving site to avoid tracking soil onto roads, walks, or other paved areas.
- B. Erect temporary fencing or barricades and warning signs as required to protect newly planted areas from traffic. Maintain fencing and barricades throughout initial maintenance period and remove after plantings are established.
- C. Remove nondegradable erosion-control measures after grass establishment period.

END OF SECTION 329200